The Centre Reporter.

VOL. LXXVIII. CENTRE HALL, PA., THURSDAY, DECEMBER 14, 1905. NO. 49

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD TOURS.

Attractive Outings During the Winter and Spring Under its Personally-Conducted System.

The Pennsylvania Railroad Company has arranged the following series of attractive Personally-Conducted Tours for the season of 1905 and 1906:

California.—Leave New York January 25. A thirty-day tour by special Pullman train, covering interesting points in the West. Round-trip rate, covering all expenses, $375 from all points east of Pittsburgh.

Grand Canyon of Arizona.—Leave New York March 1. A thirty-one day tour by special Pullman train, covering not only the Grand Canyon but the resorts of California. Round-trip rate, covering all expenses, $385 from all points east of Pittsburgh.

Florida.—Leave New York February 6 and 20 and March 6. Two weeks to three months in the Sunny Peninsula. Round-trip rate, $50 from New York, $48 from Philadelphia, and proportionate rates from other points.

Detailed itineraries are now in course of preparation. For further information address Geo. W. Boyd, General Passenger Agent, Broad Street Station, Philadelphia, Pa.

An Emergency Medicine.

For sprains, bruises, burns, scalds and similar injuries, there is nothing so good as Chamberlain's Pain Balm. It soothes the wound and not only gives almost instant relief from pain, but causes the parts to heal in about one third the time required by the usual treatment. Sold by F. A. Carson, Potters Mills; C. W. Swartz, Tusseyville.

Breon--Tressler.

A pretty home wedding was that at the home of Mrs. Emma Tressler on the Branch on Wednesday evening of last week when a number of invited guests were present to witness the marriage of Miss Nora Tressler to Daniel Breon of the same place. After the serving of the splendid marriage supper by the bride's mother, the happy young couple left for a brief wedding tour to Altoona. The bride is a good girl and will do her part towards making their home pleasant. The groom is a son of Mr. and Mrs. John H. Breon and is a sober and industrious young farmer.

Paid Subscription.

The Reporter is indebted to the following persons for cash received on subscription: F. A. Foreman, Chas. Stump, Dr. D. M. Wolf, Alfred Durst, James I. Snyder, Mrs. George E Stover, Mrs. Cora Hall, Wm. Bower, George F. Emerick, J. F. Emerick, R D. Runkle, F. W. E. Snyder, John F. Stover, J. H. Jordan, Mary J. Krape, Al. S. Meyer, Mrs. Jonathan Musser, Mrs. J. E. Campbell, Mrs. Kate Mapes, A. P. Luse, C. Luse, S. P. Hockman, B. F. Homan, J. C. Armbruster, A. N. Finkle, James P. Herring, W. E Spangler, J. W. Brooks, Aaron Long, Mrs. Robt. Ramer, Dr. A. G. Lieb, W. K. Stover, J. H. Wagner, Miss Emilie Alexander, Wm. C. Sweetwood, J. A. Sweetwood, M. J. Decker, N. E. Emerick, Geo. Armbruster, J. T. Potter, Mrs. Eliza Smith, Jacob Detwiler, Mrs. Mary A. Rearick, Wm. Riber, S. P. Hennigh, Jacob Meyer, J. W. Etlinger, Eliza Stump, A. H. Hunter, M. Clayton Stover, William Klinefelter.

When Judge Alton B. Parker, the Democratic nominee for president, made the charge that corporations were contributing toward the Republican campaign fund, President Roosevelt replied with much indignation that the charges were unqualifiedly and atrociously false. Since then the legislative committee of New York has forced admissions that large sums of money were paid to Mr. Cortelyou, expressly for Mr. Roosevelt's benefit. Now if the President wants to give a square deal, let him drive Mr. Cortelyou and Mr. Bliss before the New York committee and tell just how much money the Republican campaign committee got from corporations through their systematic blackmailing.

It is the President's turn to give a "square deal." Will he do it?

Minority Leader John Sharp Williams declares that the Democrats are not following Roosevelt but leading him. The president has pitched his rate regulation tent on the Democratic camp ground, all right, all right.

There is no questioning what Prof. Groff and Prof. Surface are making of themselves, but it's a question as to who's the biggest.

In a proposed reapportionment bill, Centre, Union, Snyder and Mifflin counties comprise the thirty-second senatorial district.

What this country needs is a currency elastic enough to stretch over Christmas.

INCIDENTS OF 1876.

Local Items Taken from the Centre Reporter of Interest to 1905 Readers.

[*Note: The spelling of proper names is the same as found in the files of the Reporter.*]

JANUARY 6—Samuel Motz sold his farm of 90 acres, near Woodward, to David Orndorf, at $120 per acre.

Dr. W. A. Jacobs, of Orbisonia, has located here and intends to practice his profession.

John H. Keller sold his house and lot in Centre Hall to Mrs. McCully, of Milroy, for $1500.

The ladies of the Lutheran church held a fair December 24 and 25, and cleared $150.

Manassa Geiss, of Penn Hall, while cutting down an apple tree, was struck on the head by a limb of the falling tree, and was knocked senseless.

JANUARY 13—A. C. Ripka goes west in the spring.—John Limbert quits the Aaronsburg hotel soon, and Elijah Burd becomes landlord.—W. H. Bartholomew was treated to a lively serenade of bells a few evenings ago—matrimony.

JANUARY 20—Michael Musser was appointed postmaster at Aaronsburg, in place of John Cronmiller, who resigned.

Dr. J. F. Alexander has arrived from Michigan, and will practice his profession in Centre Hall.

Henry Garver, west of Centre Hall, on the first of January, noticed a number of grasshoppers along the mountain.

Washington Lambarger killed a three-foot garter snake on the second day of this month. The remarkably warm weather brought the snake out of hiding.

There are a number of cases of smallpox in Walker township.

JANUARY 27—Jerome Spigelmeyer opened a cash store in Durst's old stand.

FEBRUARY 3—Jacob Kepler, Jr., purchased the old Kepler farm, in Ferguson township, at $75 per acre. The Hastings farms, up Buffalo Run, and within six miles of Bellefonte, were sold last week at from $35 to $55 per acre.

FEBRUARY 10—The receipts of the Bald Eagle, Nittany, Brush and Penns Valley turnpike during the past year were $3,732 65, and the expenses $3,800 01, leaving a deficit of $67 36.

FEBRUARY 24—Samuel Floray broke ground for a new house in Centre Hall. [This is the house now occupied by Chas. D. Bartholomew.]

The barn of Wm. Bell, near Pleasant Gap, was destroyed by fire on the 12th inst. His loss was about $800. Mr. Bell's little boys found some matches on the road, and lighted them, causing the straw to take fire.

Married—December 22, Miss C. Bell Price, of Boalsburg, and B. S. Wilson, of Orbisonia . . . December 22, John H. Leech and Miss Lizzie Jacobs . . . December 30, B. F. Wiser, of Millheim, and Miss Ellen Smith, of Old Fort . . . At Grant, Mo., December 19, E. S. Garver, formerly of Centre Hall, and Miss Mary Frankes . . . December 21, Pierce Musser and Miss Alice Kreamer, both of Millheim . . . December 23, Reitzel Wolf, of Penn township, and Miss Ellen Bitner, of Potter township . . . January 4, John Shook and Miss C. C. Luse, both of Gregg township . . . January 6, J. C. Rankin, of Des Moines county, Iowa, and Miss Sallie R. Brisbin, of Boalsburg . . . January 12, Joseph Crotzer, of Centre Hall, and Mrs. C. Logue, of Boalsburg . . . January 16, Franklin Bower and Miss Elizabeth Korman, both of Haines township . . . January 23, Daniel Voneida and Miss S. Hosterman, both of Haines township. . . . January 20, David Y. Wagner, of Houserville, and Miss Caroline Gephart, of Hublersburg . . . January 13, Jared Confer, of Centre Hall, and Miss Henrietta Smetzler, of Potter township . . . January 30, John Shutt and Ellen Fye, both of Potter township. . . . January 11, George Geistwite and Miss Maggie A. Dorman, both of near Aaronsburg.

Minnie Rowe Held for Murder.

Mrs. Minnie Rowe was arrested in Scranton on the charge of poisoning her husband, William Rowe, of Lewistown.

Last October Mr. Rowe, after eating his dinner from a dinner pail, became violently ill, and shortly thereafter died. William Maritz, a fellow laborer in the Burnham works, was given a piece of pie by Rowe and he also became ill.

The stomach of the dead man was analyzed, and it was found to contain arsenic. It was upon this evidence that the woman, aged twenty-three years, was placed under arrest, and lodged in the Mifflin county jail.

Ton of Chop per Hour.

The Centre Hall Roller Mills made a new grinding record Monday morning, when for four successive hours the output was one ton per hour. That's making chop pretty rapidly.

THE NEW ROAD LAW.

The new Township Road Law was passed by the Legislature and was signed by the Governor on the 12th of April, 1905.

Section 1 of the Act provides that townships of the second class, elect at the next February election a Board of three Road Supervisors, one for one year, one for two years and one for three years. Nearly all the townships in the State come under this second class. Those of the first class are governed somewhat like a borough and must have a population of 300 to the square mile.

The second section provides for the organization of the board which shall have the same rights about laying the tax as the present system provides; but, in addition, every taxable shall be assessed one dollar in addition to the millage tax. This section also provides "that any township may, by a majority vote of the electors thereof, at the February municipal election, after 30 days' notice thereof change the system of taxation for working the public roads." A petition must be handed to the Court—signed by at least twenty-five taxpayers of the township. If the vote carries for a cash tax the State will furnish fifteen per cent. of the amount raised in cash, which, of course, will be paid the year after, just as the school appropriation is paid. This is a very important feature of the bill.

Of course, the work plan will be the one in operation if not changed as indicated and the same notices must be given as under the old law.

Section 3 provides that the Board of Road Supervisors divide their townships into road districts of not less than 5 miles each. And shall appoint the road masters who are to work on the roads and carry out the plans of the Board of Road Supervisors. This Board of Supervisors shall fix the wages paid per hour to the road masters and laborers. In addition, the board will have the right to contract with any citizen in the township for the keeping in repair of not more than three miles of road for not a longer period than three years.

Section 4 provides for purchasing materials, etc., and permitting two townships to purchase these machines in partnership, and a method of dissolving the partnership.

Section 5 requires the treasurer to give bond and that he be a person outside the board, pay out all moneys on written orders and be paid for his services an amount not to exceed 2 per cent.

Section 6 provides for the laying and payment of taxes, etc.

The board is to have monthly meetings, but is not to receive compensation. The board shall submit annual statements and make report to the State Highway Commissioner. The board shall keep minutes of the proceedings and shall not be interested, directly or indirectly, in purchases, work done or contracts.

They shall perform the same duties as imposed by existing laws on supervisors of roads, bridges and highways. Two shall constitute a quorum.

The last section repeals all acts, or parts of acts, general or special, or local, inconsistent herewith, or supplied hereby; except the acts of June 12, 1893, act of June 26, 1895; act of April 28, 1899, and the act of May 24, 1901. These acts not repealed refer to some townships where large corporations pay the road tax and make the roads. The Flinn act, which allows counties to build roads; the act creating townships of the first class and an amendment to that act, respectively.

Where townships at present are working under a special law having three supervisors whose terms are not all expired, no election shall take place for such office except as their terms expire.

This law is a step in the right direction. The provisions of the law were not generally discussed by the tax payers when the measure was passed, and little attention until recently was given it since. The approach of the February election now brings the question to the front, and one of the most important duties of the electors is to elect a competent Board of Road Supervisors.

Upon the Board of Supervisors depends entirely whether or not taxes shall be high or low; whether or not the roads will be improved systematically, and whether the money and labor expended will actually improve the roads.

The new road law should be discussed thoroughly, with a view of determining whether the old system of working out the tax should be continued, or whether the road tax should be paid in cash and receive a bonus of 15 per cent. from the state.

RURAL TELEPHONE LINES.

The telephone is the next modern convenience that will find its way into the progressive, live and contented farmer's home. Today the telephone in the country home is looked upon as a luxury; in the near future it will be deemed a necessity, later quite commonplace, but always exceedingly useful and profitable; finally indispensable.

What can be done with Centre Hall as a hub, can best be shown by reciting the workings of the rural telephone lines, the building of farmer's telephone exchanges in other sections. The particular locality referred to here is that of Waynesboro and surrounding country.

According to a map lying before the writer, Waynesboro is the central point into which run eight rural or farmer telephone lines, leading out in all directions and connecting all the progressive farmers and villagers within a radius of seven miles. There are thirty miles of poles and one hundred and fifty miles of wire, which connects fifty farmers with the central point.

The farmer or rural telephone company operates its own exchange, the construction of which, together with the lines, cost $3000. This system interchanges with the Pennsylvania Telephone Company, and uses its lines for an outlet.

This has been accomplished at Waynesboro. It is possible to accomplish the same thing at Centre Hall and other points in Centre county.

A representative of the Pennsylvania Telephone Company in the person of E. M. Gann, of Williamsport, for the past few months has been gradually preparing the farmers of Centre county to construct a series of rural telephone lines. Through Mr. Gann's efforts, the building of these lines was investigated by a committee appointed by the Centre County Pomona Grange, and later a systematic plan for their building and management was adopted by the Centre County Pomona Grange. This was accomplished by the adoption of a constitution and by-laws to govern the proposed Branch and a Central Company, the latter when deemed expedient, to be operated similar to that of the Waynesboro project.

At Waynesboro the farmers at once established a telephone exchange. In this section it is proposed first to build rural lines, connect with the Pennsylvania Telephone Company's exchanges, and later when the stockholders of the rural telephone companies have well established lines, combine the lines and operate their own exchanges.

Mr. Gann, who is an untiring worker in the interests of his employees, has unfolded the Pennsylvania Telephone Company's rural line system so thoroughly that the above plans were laid on a broad foundation.

The building of several rural lines in Centre county within the next six months is assured.

Keith's Theatre.

Keith's Chestnut Street Theatre, Philadelphia, offers various features of interest this week. Heading the list is Valerie Bergere, supported by a company of five. She appears in a one-act romantic drama, "Carmen," adopted from the famous opera of that name. There is fun especially for the children: Howard's comedy ponies and dogs, the four Piccolo midgets, wrestling and boxing. Fun is furnished for everybody by Clifford & Burke, eccentric comedians, and Taylor Holmes' monologues. Other attractions are, Harry Le Clair, "The Bernhart of Vaudeville"; the great Welson troupe, peerless rope performers; Jeanette Fleisig, the midget mimic; the Nichols sisters, with their darky imitations; Charles and Jack Ahearns, comedy specialists.

Read the Reporter.

LOCALS.

Liveryman Will Ruhl, of Spring Mills, was in town Monday night.

Read the Index advertisement. It may help you to decide what you want to buy for Christmas.

A doe having a pair of four-pronged antlers was killed by a hunting party in the Scootac regions. This is a rare malformation of the kind in the deer family.

Mr. and Mrs. E. G. Van Pelt, of Ithaca, N. Y., came to Centre Hall Saturday, and remained until the middle of the week. They are always gladly received by their many friends.

Two items from the Mifflinburg Times. Mrs. Annie Wyle was at Aaronsburg over Sunday last, the guest of her sons, Harry and B. W. Wyle. George Boob, of Harris township, is visiting Mr. and Mrs. Nathaniel Boob, near town.

A VERY LIVE CORPSE

Writes the Reporter to Assist Him in Securing Life Insurance, Etc.

A. B. Salmon, secretary and treasurer of the Clinton Furniture Factory, at Lock Haven, was killed at the Normal railroad crossing Tuesday.

The above, taken from one of the city dailies, appeared in a recent issue of the Reporter, and leads Mr. Salmon, secretary and treasurer of the Clinton Furniture Company, to exclaim:

LOCK HAVEN, PA., Dec. 7, 1905

EDITOR CENTRE REPORTER,
Centre Hall, Pa.

Dear Sir: I am sure you will believe me when I tell you that I am considerably surprised to learn by your last edition that I was killed at the Normal crossing in this city.

For some time I have been under the impression that I lacked vitality and energy and some of my friends have told me that I was a "Dead One," but I have never taken it seriously. Seeing the same information in print and having given to it time and place persuades me that it was no joke after all and convinces me that my wife is a widow, and I really have not the heart to break the news to her (she always did look well in black).

It occurs to my dead mind that during my sojourn on earth I paid several premiums on life insurance policies and these policies are now surely due and should be looked after at once; however, as insurance just now is a dangerous subject and a suspicious one, I beg to ask your assistance in securing adjustments of these moneys and I would be glad to arrange a substantial percentage for your trouble if you succeed in obtaining settlements promptly.

As none of my kin or friends lost any time from their daily toil to attend my funeral, I naturally hesitate to ask them to attend to this, and for the reason that you seem to have the facts in the case. I venture to ask you to help me out.

Any information that I can furnish will, of course, be gladly given (on the dead) and I can arrange with a discrete relative to attend to all affidavits and details.

During the interim I will remain lifeless, enjoying what I hope you may at some time be renovated for.

Yours "At Rest,"
A. B. SALMON.

The Reporter will assure living mortals that if they chance to live on this earth after their obituaries are printed in these columns, they will not be mortified because of an expressed opinion as to their future state. Ministers, as a rule, either say plainly that their subject went to heaven, or intimate that he went to hell. The editor, if he ventures an opinion, gives the sinner the doubt—he went to heaven. He says so for policy's sake. Why the minister "arises to remark," no one seems to know.

It is not intended to cast reflection on Mr. Salmon, who was spared the humiliation of seeing his name misspelled in his obituary.

To be Married, December 20th.

Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Meyer, of Boalsburg, have issued invitations for the marriage of their daughter, Catharine Huber, to William Groh Mothersbaugh, of Boalsburg, Wednesday morning, December 20th, at eleven o'clock.

Evans Homestead Sold.

The Evans homestead, about three-quarters of a mile east of Spring Mills, was recently sold by the owner, Rev. L. K. Evans, of Pottsville, to James P. Grove, east of Centre Hall. The property contains some twenty acres, and has a splendid brick house and outbuildings on it. The price paid was $2,300. Mr. Grove will occupy it in the spring.

High-priced Horse Flesh.

Watercress, a brown stallion, sixteen years old, was sold at the Tipton & Fasig sale, New York, for $71,000 to J. B. Haggin. With the exception of the price paid for St. Blaise, sold for $100,000, this is the largest amount ever paid for a stallion in this country. The highest amount ever paid for a racehorse at auction was $187,000 for Flying Fox, the star of the late Duke of Westminster's stables.

Preparing Stock for Sale.

Mrs. Thomas Decker, of near State College, will have one of the large sales next spring. She has some fine, blooded stock, and in order to have it in the pink of condition, she has secured William M. Swabb to feed and groom it between this and the day of the sale. Mr. Swabb has earned a reputation in this line, and Mrs. Decker and the purchasers will find that his services have well been worth the wages paid him. Besides the fine lot of stock, there will be sold the best outfit of farming implements to be found on any one farm in Centre county.

Why not advertise in the Reporter.

TOWN AND COUNTY NEWS.

HAPPENINGS OF LOCAL INTEREST FROM ALL PARTS.

There are several cases of small pox in Renovo.

The Mecklin and Stevens sand works, at McVeyton, were destroyed by fire recently.

"Off the trolley," applies to the project to build an electric line from Milesburg to State College.

B. D. Brisbin returned from Andersonville, Georgia, Monday morning, much pleased with his trip.

Mrs. Byron Garis will visit her daughter, Mrs. W. H. Snyder, at Hicks Run, in the near future.

George W. Smith, of Centre Hill, is back from Philadelphia where he spent several days with his sister.

D. P. Breon will move from Millheim to Jeannette, where he will follow painting and paper hanging.

Mrs. Wm. Kunes, of Blanchard, recently fell at the back door of her home and broke her arm above the wrist.

Will Smith, of the Smith Brothers furniture firm, was in town the latter part of last week, and called on the Reporter.

C. A. Weaver resigned his office of justice of the peace in Penn township. He is the Democratic commissioner-elect from the South side of Centre county.

D. C. Keller, last week, went to Chester county with a view of finding a suitable place to locate. He prefers a small truck farm, near the city markets.

The little girl that came to the home of Mr. and Mrs. Clayton Wagner, near Tusseyville, received an unusually hearty welcome. It is the first child in the family.

Mrs. Wilhelmina Warner, a teacher, of Johnstown, applied for naturalization and took the oath of allegiance. She was born in Germany in 1850 and came this country in 1903.

James P. Grove, east of Centre Hall, announces sale for Friday, March 9. He will sell his farm stock and implements. Gardner Grove will follow his father as farmer on the Grove homestead.

D. L. Zerby, of Millheim, killed two hogs the combined weight of which was fourteen hundred and eleven pounds. The heaviest of the two weighed seven hundred and seventy-three pounds.

Miss Mary Myers, of Coburn, was a recent pleasing visitor in this place, remarks the Mifflinburg Telegraph, and continuing says: Of course one of our leading young business men was in his element.

A house at Lemont, the property of Nathan Grove, and occupied by tenants, was discovered to be on fire the other Saturday morning. The flames were discovered when but little damage had been done, and were extinguished.

"I could not think of being without the Reporter, so send you one dollar for another year; place a six on my label. The paper is a welcome visitor because it gives all the news from my old home."—James I. Snyder, Freeport, Illinois.

The installation of Rev. W. M. Rearick as pastor of the Bellefonte Lutheran church, will take place this (Thursday) evening. The charges will be delivered by Rev. W. K. Diehl, of Middleburg, and Rev. J. M. Rearick, of Centre Hall.

Rev. W. J. Wagner has accepted the pastorate of the New Bloomfield Lutheran charge of three congregations, and will enter upon the new field about the first of February. He is at present located at Buckhorn, Columbia county, where he has been serving for the past three years.

The United Telephone Company has added to its list of subscribers, at State College, Prof. D. O. Etters residence, J. L. Holmes, Notary Public, J. Gorden Miller and B. W. Housel residence, and W. D. Custard, paper hanger. They also have established Sunday service on the State College exchange.

With a lighted oil lamp in her hand, Miss Bertha Strohmeier tripped on the stairway and fell to the bottom. The lamp, fortunately, was thrown beyond her and did not ignite her clothing. Mrs. Strohmeier, who was near by, opened the front door and pitched the burning lamp out. Aside from a number of bruises, Miss Strohmeier was not hurt.

The December "Arena" contains a rich and varied Table of Contents. Among the distinctly popular papers we would mention "Uncle Sam's Romance with Science and the Soil," by Frank Vrooman, a most fascinating and informing paper showing the wonderful work that has been accomplished by the Agricultural Department in aiding the farmers and in increasing the wealth of the nation.

BLOODSHED IN ST. PETERSBURG

Arrest of Strike Leader Aggravates Crisis.

FORCING FOR A FINAL STRUGGLE.

Minister of the Interior Throws Down Gauntlet to the Laboring Classes and Fans the Flames of Revolution—Arrest of the President of the Workmen's General Council Enrages the Strikers.

London (By Cable).—A St. Petersburg dispatch to the Daily Mail, sent by way of Eydtkuhnen, Sunday, says:

"The revolutionists, it is declared, will shortly proclaim themselves the acting government. They will divide Russia roughly into a thousand electoral districts. Meanwhile the government fears to act with vigor, only arresting a few strike leaders and liberating them the next day.

"The strike committee continues its terrorism. It renders the life of "blacklegs" intolerable, beating and killing them on the streets. Cossacks who intervened Sunday were put to flight by a shower of bomb cases containing messages stating that loaded bombs would follow.

"The state of the army grows worse daily. Sixteen thousand men of the garrison at Kharkoff have mutinied. The leading columns of the Manchurian army which have just arrived at Moscow, are mutinous and have been disarmed.

"The whole Fourteenth Naval Battalion has been hurried to Cronstadt under a guard of 4,000 troops.

"Some of the Eighteenth Battalion of the Eighth Naval Corps have also been conveyed to Cronstadt, where the forts contain 7,000 mutineers, disarmed but defiant. The Ministry of Marine has decided to abolish all naval barracks in St. Petersburg."

More Trouble For Witte.

St. Petersburg. (By Cable).—Another crisis is at hand involving the indefinite prolongation of the strike, the probable immediate precipitation of a general strike throughout Russia and a possible final struggle between the government and the proleariat.

This sudden change for the worse is the result of the shedding of the first blood in the telegraph strike Saturday afternoon almost simultaneously with the action of M. Durnovo, minister of the interior, in throwing down the gauntlet to the labor organizations by arresting M. Krustaleff, president of the executive committee of the workmen's council, without warning.

About 2 o'clock several companies of Cossacks clattered through the streets leading to the headquarters of the council, in Targovin Street. Having barred the approaches, a force of troops and police surrounded the building, after which secret men rushed in and seized Krustaleff. The latter made no resistance and the affair was conducted quickly. It was impossible for Krustaleff to conceal the papers of the organization, in which the police evidently expect to find evidence proving the ultimate object to be an armed uprising against the government.

A disturbance in which two strike-breakers were killed and a policeman and several others wounded occurred at the same hour immediately in front of the general postoffice. The strikers for two days have been seeking to persuade the volunteer and regular carriers to refuse to work. At the door of the building the strikers, enraged by the refusal of the volunteers to quit, drew knives, whereupon a carrier attempted to defend himself with a revolver. Both carrier and a companion were killed on the spot.

A squad of policemen was stood off by the strikers and workmen who sympathized with them. Both sides exchanged a fierce fusillade, during which a policeman and several workmen were wounded.

The news of the arrest of Krustaleff created an immense sensation among the workmen.

$804,296,415 TO RUN GOVERNMENT.

Statement Issued By the Appropriation Committees of Senate and House.

Washington (Special).—A statement was issued by the Appropriations Committees of the Senate and House summarizing the estimates for appropriations to be made at the present session of Congress for the fiscal year 1907. The total for all purposes aggregates $804,296,415. These estimates are greater than the appropriations for the current year by $19,170,155.

The War Department asks $863,463 less than was appropriated last year, and the river and harbor item, which last year amounted to $18,181,875, is omitted entirely this year. With these exceptions every department of the government has asked for more money than the current appropriation.

The two largest increases are asked by the Navy ($21,229,038) and the Postoffice Department ($12,187,976).

The estimates of the appropriations committees exceed those of Secretary Shaw by nearly $200,000,000, which is accounted for by the fact that the Secretary of the Treasury estimates for the Postoffice Department only that sum which will have to come from the Treasury for its maintenance, not including postal revenues applied to the support of that department. His estimate for the Postoffice Department is $7,626,000, while that of the appropriations committee is $193,210,070.

$80,000 Fire in Nashville.

Nashville, Tenn., (Special).—At two o'clock in the morning fire destroyed the plant of O'Bryan Bros., manufacturers of overalls, on the northeast corner of the public square. The loss on stock is estimated at $60,000, fully insured. The loss on building, the property of B. B. Allen, is estimated at $20,000; insured. The big Methodist Publishing House plant is directly across the street from the burned building and was for a time in danger.

THE LATEST NEWS BRIEFLY TOLD.

DOMESTIC

Lightship No. 58, on station at Nantucket shoals, sprang a leak, and sent a wireless message to the torpedo station at Newport, to the effect that she was sinking, and asked that assistance be sent at once.

Directors of the New York Mutual Life Insurance Company are anxious that Lawyer Hughes, who is conducting the insurance investigation in New York, should become president of that company.

It is expected that the National Civic Federation shortly to meet in New York will take steps to correct the evils of overimmigration.

A couple who were divorced in Cleveland, O., 15 years ago met again in New York by chance and again became husband and wife.

An honest man of Texas walked 82 miles to return a lost purse.

Gen. Stephen Lee, commander of the United Confederate Veterans, has thanked President Roosevelt for the latter's suggestion that tthe government care for the graves of Southern soldiers who died in the North.

Arthur Strong, of Rouses Point, N. Y., has been arrested in Helena, Mont. He was the companion in flight of his cousin, John Cross Hammond, whose wife's body was found in a trunk in their flat.

Orland C. Post, general auditor of the Delaware, Lackawana and Western Railroad Company, and for many years connected with the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad, died at East Orange, N. J.

Miss Margaret Bristol, a well-known young woman of Hamilton, Ont., returning from studies abroad, attempted to jump overboard from the Kroonland, believing that voices at sea called her.

Miss Ethel Croker, daughter of Richard Croker, is reported engaged to Count San Martino, whose brother eloped with Miss Croker's sister.

United States Senator John H. Mitchell died suddenly in Portland, Ore., from a hemorrhage following the extraction of a tooth.

Capt. Carter B. Harrison, brother of former President Benjamin Harrison, died in Murfreesboro, Tenn.

Rev. Edward Everett Hale has written an open letter denouncing the action of the Interchurch Federation in excluding the Unitarian delegates, stating that spiritual efficiency and not mere orthodoxy is the true test of Christianity.

Mrs. Alfred Frelich and her mother, (Mrs. Hoeffing) were shot and killed during a family quarrel in their home, in New York. The husband and son-in-law (Alfred Frelich, a drug clerk), surrendered himself to the police.

Governor Pennypacker, the members of his official staff, and other distinguished Pennsylvanians attended the unveiling at Andersonville, Ga., in memory of Pennsylvania soldiers who fell in the Cicil War.

District Attorney Jerome has asked the Armstrong insurance commission committee for a copy of its report, suggesting the possibilities of criminal proceedings against insurance officials.

The Norwegian Arctic explorer, Amudson, who has arrived in Alaska, reports that he found the magnetic North Pole on King William Island.

Andrew Carnegie says if he owned the United States he would offer premiums to induce larger immigration.

The report of the National Ginners' Association estimates the cotton crop at 9,623,000 bales.

The suggestion was made by Secretary of the Navy Bonaparte that the Constitution be destroyed has aroused the ire of Bostonians, a public meeting having been called to make a protest.

President William E. Corey, of the United States Steel Corporation, now admites that Mrs. Corey has gone to Nevada to obtain a divorce and that he will not oppose it.

Captain Amudson, of the Norwegian Arctic expedition ship Gjoa, reports that he has been through the northwest passage and reached the magnetic North Pole.

United States Consul General James Russell Parsons was killed in Mexico by a trolley striking his carriage and throwing the vehicle against a post in the road.

FOREIGN

Charles H. Graves, United States minister to Sweden and Norway, returned to Stockholm today from Christiania, where he had an audience of King Haakon and presented the felicitations of President Roosevelt.

Prime Minister Sir Henry Campbell-Bannerman has officially announced the new British ministry. In addition to the premiership Sir Henry is first lord of the treasury. John Morley is secretary of state for India.

In a conflict between postal strikers and strike-breakers and police in front of the general postoffice in St. Petersburg two strike-breakers were killed and a policeman and several others were wounded.

It is stated that, notwithstanding the immense withdrawals from the Russian savings banks, the gold coin thus paid out will remain in Russia.

At a conference of the boycott committee of Canton and American merchants a satisfactory arrangement was agreed upon.

The commission appointed to inquire into the massacre of American missionaries at Lienchan, China, has implicated 25 persons, including a Buddhist monk.

The Japanese transport Jinsen, which broke her propeller off the Korean coast, is adrift with 1,000 troops and 300 horses aboard.

King Edward has been officially informed that Viscount Hagashi has been appointed Japanese ambassador to Great Britain.

Railroad men at Riga and Orioff are on strike as a protest against the proclamation of martial law in the Baltic provinces.

The rebellion among the Russian troops in Manchuria is spreading, and many of the officers have been killed.

James Coulter, a farmer, of Shelbourne, Ont., murdered his wife, daughter and son, and then killed himself.

Admiral von Tirpitz, secretary of the German Admiralty, in introducing the naval bill, said the six large cruisers asked for were primarily for foreign service.

Major General MacArthur, U. S. A., is watching the British Indian army maneuvers in India, in which about 57,000 troops are engaged.

WOMAN FACED DEATH BRAVELY

Mrs. Rogers Calmer Than Her Executioners.

SHE WAS SILENT TO THE LAST.

Donned a Black Gown, Walked Calmly and With Firm Tread to the Scaffold, Was Bound With Thongs, and Submitted to the Black Cap Without Saying a Word—Exhibited More Composure Than Clergymen.

Windsor, Vt. (Special).—Mrs. Mary Mabel Rogers was hanged at the Vermont State Prison, at Windsor, for the murder of her husband, Marcus Rogers, at Bennington, August 13, 1902.

The execution took place after the woman had been twice reprieved on account of appeals made in her case by her counsel, and after the United States Supreme Court refused to take action in the case.

Only a comparatively few persons witnessed the hanging, the number being restricted to those permitted to attend by the laws of Vermont.

A telephone message from White River Junction to the state prison here, sent by Attorney Charles McCarthy, representing Mrs. Mary M. Rogers, to the effect that Governor Bell had declined to grant a reprieve, indicated that the last possibility of interference with the execution of the woman had vanished. The lawyer's information was verified a few moments later by an official telephone call from Governor Bell to Sheriff Henry H. Peck. The final arrangements for carrying out the death sentence then were made.

The information that the governor had refused further to interfere did not surprise the prison officials, in view of the repeated declarations of the governor that his duty required that the law must take its course.

Aside from the presence of an unusual number of deputy sheriffs and a large number of newspaper correspondents and telegraph operators, the town of Windsor proceeded with its business as usual. There was apparently little interest in what was taking place at the prison. Sheriff Peck came from White River Junction on an early train. He seemed considerably affected by the prospects before him. It was recalled that he had at one time headed a movement among the county officers to secure a reprieve for the condemned woman. Sheriff Peck was not personally to act as executioner. He had delegated all the actual work to deputies. As high sheriff of Windsor County the law required him to be present at the hanging however.

At the prison no one was admitted during the forenoon except persons directly connected either with the institution or the execution. All attempts to gain information concerning Mrs. Rogers' condition were frustrated by the guard at the prison entrance.

FIRST THROUGH NORTHWEST PASSAGE.

Magnetic North Pole Was Found on King William Island.

Christiania, (By Cable)—The Norwegian government is cabling its felicitations to Capt. Roand Amundsen, the Norwegian explorer, who has arrived at Fort Egbert, Alaska, after making his way through the Northwest Passage and who found the true magnetic pole on King William Island.

Dr. Fridtjof Nansen anticipates that the expedition has proved a great success.

Seattle, Wash., (Special.)—Rowand Amundson, the first man in history to travel the Northwest Passage from east to west, is still at Fort Egbert, Alaska, waiting for an answer to the message he sent to Nansen in Christiania.

His appeal for funds and assistance has borne fruit, Norwegians in this city telegraphing him money.

From the fact that Amundsen and his expedition are in winter quarters near the mouth of McKenzie River, his object, which he made public before leaving Christiania in May, 1903, has been fulfilled.

Tooth Costs Senator's Life.

Portland, Ore., (Special).—United States Senator John H. Mitchell died at the Good Samaritan Hospital, in this city, death resulting from complications which followed the removal of four teeth. Hemorrhage of unusual severity followed the removal of the teeth, and, despite the application of the most powerful styptics known to dental science, the flow of blood could not be stayed. Physicians were summoned to the dental office, but the combined scientific knowledge of the dentists and physicians could not stop the flow of blood.

Settling With the Sultan.

Constantinople (By Cable).—The ambassadors of the six powers at a conference just held have accepted some of the modifications proposed by the Porte to the original scheme for the financial control of Macedonia, and an amended agreement has been forwarded to their respective governments for ratification. This is expected promptly, when the incident will be closed.

A Banker Burned.

Buffalo, N. Y. (Special)—James L. Blodget, the hermit banker of Hermitage, Wyoming county, was burned to death in his house, which burned to the ground. He was estimated to be worth $1,000,000. He was a graduate of Yale College, in the class of 1850.

An Explosion in Washington.

Washington, D. C. (Special).—An explosion at the plant of the Washington Gas Light Company in Southeast Washington resulted in damages to the extent of $150,000. The double building that housed the engine-room, together with the intricate machinery it contained, was completely demolished. The explosion occurred in the six-inch by-pass gas main. This connected with a 20-inch main that led to a condensing engine, the head of the smaller main being blown out.

NEW YORK AS SEEN DAY BY DAY.

NEW YORK CITY, N. Y.

Some unknown person or persons cut the guy ropes of the derrick on the new Altman building in course of construction at Thirty-fifth street and Fifth avenue, by Post & McCord, the contractors against whom the structural ironworkers are waging a strike. But for the fact that the damage was discovered in time, many workmen might have been killed or injured. Nearly 50 men were about to begin work when a shout of warning was heard. Just as the workmen escaped, the derrick fell with a crash. There was a similar occurrence recently in another of the Post & McCord buildings, at Fourteenth St. and Tenth Ave. The employers charge that it was the work of strikers.

The United States Circuit Court of Appeals has handed down a decision affirming the conviction of former Customs Examiner Charles G. Browne on a charge of conspiracy. Browne was accused of conspiring with S. Rosenthal & Co. to defraud the Government by passing silks at under-estimated weights. At present he is out on bail. A. S. Rosenthal was indicted also for conspiracy, and put under $30,000 bail. He furnished the bail and fled to Europe, where has has remained ever since.

Samuel H. Cohen, manager of the new Montauk Theatre, in Brooklyn, died following an operation for cancer of the throat. Mr. Cohen was widely known in theatrical circles.

Edward Milan, under three indictments for bribery and assault at the polls on election day, was declared to be a fugitive from justice in the Kings County court by Judge Crane, and his bail amounting to $11,000, was forfeited.

Justice Stover, in the Supreme Court, approved the certificate of incorporation of the Woman's Association of the Bar of New York City. The women lawyers of Manhattan, and there are many of them, have not been pleased because they were not admitted to membership in the real Bar Association, so they just decided to have a bar association of their own.

Peter Forrester, once a prosperous member of the Stock Exchange, pleaded guilty before Judge Rosalsky in General Sessions to three indictments charging him with the theft of $36,000 from the estate of Lucinda Dougherty, of which he was executor. The indictments were 13 months old, the prisoner having spent that time in the Lodlow Street Jail under a commitment for contempt of court made by the Surrogate. His arraignment in court was the result of an agreement between Forrester's counsel and Sheriff Erlanger. The prisoner is 62 years old, and in such feeble health that his lawyer feared that a continued stay in the county jail would cause his death. At one time Forrester did business for the Vanderbilts and other equally well-known people in this city.

MUCH IN LITTLE.

In many parts of the Alps girls wear trousers when coasting.

In 1904 one out of every seven London children under the age of 12 months died.

Oscar Hunt, one of the Carlisle football team, is an Indian millionaire from Oklahoma.

The amount of $6,000,000 will be spent for the amelioration and embellishment of the Transvaal capital.

Experiments in cotton growing by the Cape government are now in progress on Cape Flats, near Capetown.

Elias Hart, Reading's famous goosebone man, says he is not making any predictions about the weather this winter.

Gov. Miguel Otero, of New Mexico, is the most extensive sheep owner in the Southwest, owning a flock numbering 65,000.

William Elliott, a Civil War veteran of Kokomo, Ind., rejects a pension of $15,000, saying he deserves no reward for doing his duty.

Rear Admiral Schley says that this nation has had five wars within 125 years, and that in these wars 2,607 battles had been fought.

In England, where fads and fashions change slowly, and the roads are good, bicycle manufacturers are still doing a good business.

The sale of typewriters has been forbidden by the police in Russia. This was done to prevent their use by revolutionists in issuing circulars.

11 LOST IN STEAMER WRECK.

Member of Canadian Parliament Perishes in Disaster.

Halifax, N. S. (Special)—Eleven lives were lost in the wreck of the steamer Lunenburg which went ashore off Amherst Harbor, Magdalen islands.

The steamer had a crew of 17, and probably caried several passengers, including R. J. Leslie, a member of the Canadian Parliament and a member of the firm of Leslie, Hart & Son, which owns the vessel.

The Lunenburg had been running between Pictou and the Magdalen Islands since last spring. During a high gale, accompanied by blinding snow flurries, it is thought that the steamer went out of her course in trying to make Amherst harbor and brought up on rocks.

FINANCIAL.

It is now asserted that St. Paul's extension will cost over $75,000,000.

It is probable that the Lake Shore will ultimately get the Pere Marguette.

Russian 4s fell 2¾ per cent in London, which indicates the seriousness of the Russian situation.

"Imports in this country are relatively too large to suit me. I don't think this is a good sign." This is the remark of a prominent Philadelphia banker.

W. L. Bull says the reselling of the Cincinnati, Hamilton & Dayton to J. P. Morgan is a favorable thing for Erie. It was too big a burden for Erie to assume, particularly as the Cincinnati road is not in good physical shape and the price paid by the Erie was very high. Indeed, it was doubtful if that company would earn enough to pay the dividend guaranteed by the Erie and Erie is in no position to build up any line but its own.

WRECKED TRAIN BURNED TO RAILS

Nine Perish in Crash of the Overland Limited.

THE DEAD ENGINEER BLAMED.

Fast Passenger Train on the Union Pacific Strikes a Freight, Which Had Left Siding Contrary to Orders, Demolishing Both Locomotives and Three Cars of Passenger Train—Several of Dead Incinerated.

Omaha, Neb. (Special).—Ten persons were killed and 11 train employes and 8 passengers were injured in the wreck of Overland Limited passenger train No. 2 on the Union Pacific five miles west of Rock Springs, Wyo. The limited was run into head-on by a freight train, and both engines were demolished. The dynamo car, mail car and dining car on the limited burned to the wheels. Several of the dead were incinerated.

An extra freight train was given an order before it left Rock Springs to meet four eastbound passenger trains, of which the Overland Limited was the last one, at Ahsay, a siding five miles west of Rock Springs. The freight took the siding at Ahsay, waited until three of these trains had passed and then pulled out. When a mile and a half west of Ahsay the freight met the Overland Limited and crashed into it head on.

W. L. Park, general superintendent of the Union Pacific road, stated that Conductor Roy Darrell and Engineer Brink were entirely responsible for the wreck and that Conductor Darrell has admitted that he became confused as to the number of trains that had passed Ahsay.

Engineer Brink was one of the killed. Several trains had been delayed at Granger, with the result that the four passenger trains were running close to each other. The freight had received positive orders to meet all four of these trains at Ahsay, and the officials say that the orders were either misunderstood or disobeyed.

Relief trains, with wrecking cars and a large number of physicians, were immediately dispatched from Rock Springs and Granger.

NEW TREATY WITH DENMARK.

Better Provisions For Extradition Arranged.

Washington, (Special).—The Senate ratified and made public a supplementary extradition treaty between the United States and Denmark, signed at Washington by Mr. Root and the Danish Minister.

It provides that in the case of crimes committed in the colonies of either nation applications for the surrender of the accused may be made directly to the governor or chief magistrate of the colony in which the fugitive has sought refuge by the governor of the colony of the other contracting party, provided both island possessions are situated in America; these governors to have authority either to grant extradition or refer the matter for decision to the government of the mother country. In all other cases applications for extradition are to be made through the diplomatic channel. Where the fugitive criminal is arrested in the Philippine Islands, the Hawaiian Islands, Faroe Island or Iceland, he may be provisionally detained for four months. In addition to the crimes and offenses mentioned in the existing extradition treaty of January 6, 1902, between the United States and Denmark, extradition shall be granted also for bribery, which is defined as "offering, giving or receiving of bribes."

A Gold Heart to Mr. Roosevelt.

Washington, (Special).—A gold heart was presented to President Roosevelt on behalf of the people of Colorado. The presentation was made by Representative Robert Bonynge, of Dover. The heart, which is unalloyed gold, was inclosed in a handsome case, bearing this inscription: "From the heart of the Rocky Mountains this symbol of pure Colorado gold is sent by men, women and children—rich and poor sharing alike—to Theodore Roosevelt, president of the United States, whose great heart brought peace to the people of Japan and Russia. Thanksgiving Day, 1905, A. D."

Explosion on Steamer.

London, (By cable)—A news agency says that a telegram has been received in London from Saigon, rFench Indo-China, saying that an explosion has taken ploce on board the British steamer Carlisle, in the harbor of Saigon.

The Carlisle was chartered by the Russian government to carry supplies from Vladivostok to Port Arthur before the surrender of the latter fortress. She lost her propeller and drifted to San Miguel Bay, Island of Luzon, whence she was towed to Manila. In May she arrived at Saigon and was detained there on suspicion of carrying contraband of war. Later it was learned that her cargo consisted of arms and ammunition valued at $4,500,000, and that after the conclusion of peace she was compelled to remain at Saigon because the Russian government refused to pay her time charges.

War Veterans Fleeced.

Huntington, W. Va. (Special).—John Meader was placed in jail here in default of $2,500 bond by United States Commissioner Gibson. Meader, it is alleged, victimized many old soldiers in various counties of the southern portion of the state. He passed as a special agent of the government, and told pensioners if they would give him $10 he would recommend an increase. Many were fleeced.

Pensions For the Lonely.

Washington (Special).—Pensions for the lonely are provided for in a petition laid before the Senate by Vice President Fairbanks. The petition is signed by Miss Sarah Miranda Clymer of Bridgeton, N. J., who asks that a bill be passed instructing the United States Treasurer to make monthly payments of not less than $30 nor more than $500 to all persons "alone in the world when they can not maintain themselves." The petition was referred to the Committee on Education and Labor.

LIVE WASHINGTON AFFAIRS.

Secretary Bonaparte will this week discuss with President Roosevelt the findings in the case of Midshipman Meriwether. It is understood that the court-martial has acquitted Meriwether of the charge of manslaughter, but has found him guilty of the less serious charges and sentenced him to dismissal.

An explosion at the plant of the Washington Gaslight Company caused a loss of $150,000. Thomas Woods, night engineer, was blown through an opening, but not badly hurt. Other employes were slightly injured.

The President has summarily removed from office United States Marshal T. R. Matthews of the district of Nebraska for misconduct.

In the Senate, at the instance of Mr. Gallinger, a resolution directing the Committee on Naval Affairs to investigate the condition of the old frigate Constitution with a view to its repair was adopted.

The Senate, in executive session, confirmed Mr. Charles J. Bonaparte, of Maryland, secretary of the navy.

In the senate Mr. Tillman (S. C.) introduced a resolution calling for an inby insurance companies. He made a vestigation of campaign contributions characteristic speech.

In the House Representative Hardwick (Ga.) reintroduced a joint resolution declaring that it is the policy of the United States to grant independence to the Philippines as soon as a stable government shall have been established.

Representative Morrell, in the House, introduced a bill providing that automobiles passing from one state to another shall be provided with licenses obtained from the Interstate Commerce Commission.

The House rejected the amendment of Mr. Williams, fixing the amount of the canal appropriation at $6,858,333, and adopted an amendment fixing the amount at $11,000,000.

The Senate passed Tillman's resolution calling on the Secretary of the Treasury for information as to whether or not national banks make contributions to political campaigns.

Rear Admiral Mason, chief of the Bureau of Ordnance, in his annual report points out that American naval ordnance is on an equality with foreign ordnance.

The President has determined upon the reduction of the naval force in Dominican waters from a squadron of protected cruisers to a "mosquito fleet."

The House passed the Panama Canal Emergency Bill, the amount being fixed at $11,000,000.

Charges of discrimination were made by the Donohoe Coke Company, of Greesburg, Pa., against the Pennsylvania Railroad.

The annual book of estimates of the appropriations required for the government service was transmitted to Congress.

An inquiry is being made into the charges made by Consul General Seegar against Ambassador Thompson.

Senator Mitchell, of Oregon, has resigned the chairmanship of the Senate Committee on Inter-oceanic Canals.

Secretary Root has been invited to appear before the Senate committee to discuss foreign affairs.

The trial of William G. Crawford for conspiracy against the government was continued in Washington.

James F. Tracey, of New York, was nominated associate justice of the Supreme Court of the Philippines.

The Esch-Townsend Railroad Bill, which has been redrawn, was reintroduced in the House.

Seth Bullock, the Rough Rider, was nominated United States marshal of South Dakota.

The Spanish language will be the official language of the courts of the Philippines.

The annual report of Secretary Shaw, of the Treasury, was submitted.

A resolution expressing sympathy for the Jews in Russia and requesting the President to use his good offices was prehented in the House by Congressman Goldfogle, of New York.

The Kansas congressional delegation recommended to President Roosevelt the appointment of W. T. Vernon, of the Quinrado Institute, a colored man, for register of the Treasury.

The Secretary of the Treasury sent to Speaker Cannon estimates aggregating $16,500,000 for continuing the work on the Panama Canal.

KILLED BY SMOKE IN MINE.

Miners Suffocated During a Fire at Horton, W. Va.

Charleston, W. Va., (Special).—At Horton, on Cabin Creek, in this county, seven coal miners were suffocated. They were working in a drift mine when the wooden stack of the ventilating furnace caught fire and was consumed. The men outside busied themselves with trying to put out the fire, and, failing in that, tried to prevent it from spreading to other structures in the immediate neighborhood, paying no heed to those in the mine, not supposing them to be in danger, but there was a strong draft from the burning stack directly into the mouth of the mine, and the smoke rushed in with overwhelming force.

IN THE FIELD OF LABOR.

About 500 waitresses in Boston, Mass., have recently been taken into the Waiters' Union.

It is said that there is an unprecedented demand for switchmen among the railroads in the West.

The state of Wisconsin will in the future compile labor statistics, reports of which will be made quarterly.

Further spinning mill building in Lancashire, England, this year will give employment to fully 12,000 operatives.

The total amount paid in wages to the Chinese miners in South Africa between January and June last was £316,084.

The threatened disruption in the London (England) cab trade is again imminent. Conferences have been held, but no definite action has been taken by either side.

Nine more companies, employing over 3000 men, are dismissing their working force and leaving Chicago, Ill., forever, for the country, on account of the ceaseless labor troubles.

Female barbers, numerous in Austrian cities, are always compelled to pass an examination before commencing business, to demonstrate their ability in shaving, haircutting and hair curling.

IT'S UP TO THE WOMAN.

It's up to the woman, whatever goes wrong;
She swallows an ache, while her lips trill a song.
It's up to the woman.

If husband breaks loose and come drunk at night,
"It wouldn't have happened if she'd managed right."
It's up to the woman.

If daughter gets giddy and dangles the men,
"If mother had watched her it wouldn't have been."
It's up to the woman.

If young son gets frisky and smokes cigarettes.
"His mother has spoiled him, now see what he gets.
It's up to the woman.

If baby, poor young one, gets choked on a bone
"Why mother's to blame; she ought to have known."
It's up to the woman.

If callers come early and find things upset
"'Twas a bad day for William when he and she met."
It's up to the woman.

The grocer and book agents, plumbers and cooks—
She must keep them in hand and find time for books.
It's up to the woman.

With one foot, on bank book and one on accounts,
And both ends must meet when she figures amounts.
It's up to the woman.

It's worse than a four-in-hand balky and gay
This team that a woman must manage each day.

—Chicago Journal.

MARION'S ARIA

BY ELIZABETH PRICE.

The decision will be announced this afternoon," said Marion, nervously twitching her thread. "I can hardly wait to hear it, yet I dread it, too. O mother, if it should be Marguerite Ollis instead of me I don't see how I could bear it! There, I've broken my needle!"

"Give me the glove, dear. I'll mend that rip. You are too excited to sew."

"I'm afraid I am, though I suppose I ought to be ashamed to confess it," and Marion laughed a little quivering laugh as she relinquished her task.

Anna looked up from her geography sympathetically. "It's no wonder I feel that way for you till I can hardly tell the Isthmus of Panama from the Gulf of Mexico."

"What's all the fuss about, anyway?" asked Alfred, coming back with an effort from the vortex of adventure into which the book he held had plunged him.

"We are to learn at this afternoon's aria in the "Inflammatus" from the "Stabat Mater," announced Marion, who was now strapping music into her roll.

"The Philharmonic Society is going to sing it at the grand concert, Alf," explained Anna. "They've engaged a solo singer from Boston, or somewhere, for all but this one piece, but they are going to choose somebody in the society to sing this aria. It's awfully high and hard, and it's a great honor to be asked, and Marion hopes she is going to be chosen.

"Oh, yes. Well, what is the aria or whatever you call it?"

"It's where one singer goes shrieking and warbling away up above everybody else, and the chorus sort of mumbles along underneath, soft and subdued."

Even Marion, in spite of her agitation, laughed at her sisters definition. "It's this way, Alf," she said. "I've been studying very hard. My teachers tell me I have done well but no one has yet given me a chance to demonstrate to the public what I amount to. This aria is hard, but I can do it. If I should be chosen to sing it, it would encourage me very much, and it would introduce me formally into the musical world, where there are to be had choir and concert engagements such as I need."

Alfred's face was full of interest. "What about this Ollis girl?" he asked.

"She is the one I fear most. She can't sing the high notes as well as I can, but she is so pretty and dresses so beautifully. But she doesn't expect to earn her living by her music—and to be chosen would mean nothing to her beyond the honor of the moment."

"Well, I am perfectly sure you'll get it," said Anna with much decision.

"Go in and win, Marion. You're all right," and Alfred subsided into his cushion.

"Three o'clock, daughter. Here's your mended glove. Be brave and cheerful to meet whatever comes."

"I'll try, mother. Thank you; you are such a comfort!" and the girl, pale with anxiety, kissed her mother tenderly and departed.

Half an hour later Conductor Morosini raised his baton for silence. Before him were ranged his orchestra and chorus, row after row.

In the front row of sopranos sat Marion Wood. Her hands held her music without a tremor, but her heart beat suffocatingly, and her breath came too fast for comfort. Next her sat Marguerite Ollis, her pink and white prettiness set off to the best advantage by her becoming costume. If she was nervous no one would have suspected it, as she smiled archly up into the conductor's face.

He glanced at her girlish beauty, the soft curves of her cheeks and the waves of her sunny hair; then at Marion, silent, intense, almost grim in her earnestness.

How could he know why one looked forbidding the other graciousness itself? He shrugged his shoulders.

"The music is not all, even here. Miss Ollis is a picture—the audience—they will be better pleased," he murmured to himself.

Then aloud, "Ladies and gentlemen, it is with pleasure I have to announce to you that the aria from the Inflammatus will be sung by Miss Marguerite Ollis. Arise, Miss Ollis. Ladies and gentlemen, behold the prima donna of the Philharmonic Society."

Of course she rose and bowed and smiled bewitchingly, and the chorus applauded vigorously, while Marion sat, wretched and heart-sick, yet calm, still holding her music in hands that did not tremble..

The professor, glancing in her direction with a little guilty feeling at his heart, reassured himself: "She does not care."

Then they sang, and Marguerite's voice came out clear and sweet on every difficult passage. Marion had never heard her do so well. The inspiration of the occasion lent her new strength, and the number closed amid a deafening round of applause from the chorus.

The rest of the rehearsal passed off uneventfully, and at the close Marion hurried away from the condolences and comments of her friends. Supper was waiting when she got home, but even her favorite cream puffs failed to comfort her.

"I hate Marguerite Ollis!" she sobbed, stormily. "She has everything without an effort, while I, who ask only for a chance to work my own way am denied that!"

"She's a stuck-up snip!" declared Anna, wiping her own eyes, while Alfred clenched his fists as if he longed to fight it out with somebody.

Marion's mother did not say anything at first, only stroked the brown head on her shoulder and kissed the hot hand that trembled in her grasp, while Mr. Wood said tenderly: "There dearie, there!" as if his eldest born were once more a wee toddler with a broken doll.

It was after the table had been cleared and they sat about the room with book or needlework that the mother gave her little talk. Marion had subsided into silence after her outbreak, and Mrs. Wood looked sympathetically at the flashing eyes and still quivering lips.

"Be fair, daughter," she said. "Don't do yourself the injustice of being unjust to Miss Ollis. She was honestly chosen and deserves no blame. We add to our own unhappiness when we try to satisfy our anger by finding fault with others as innocent as we are."

"But she doesn't need this chance, mother, and I do!"

"True, dear, yet you couldn't expect her to refuse the invitation because of that, especially when she is ignorant of the fact. You will look at the matter differently after the keenness of your disappointment has worn off. I can trust you to be good, dear, and when you find the chance to do a little kindness for Miss Ollis, it will help you more than it will her."

"Kindness—never!" declared Marion, emphatically. But Mrs. Wood only smiled wisely and waited.

The evening of the concert arrived. Again the great stage was occupied by orchestra and singers. Evening dresses and fluttering ribbons transformed the platform into a rainbow of delicate lines, with a background of somber black where the gentlemen sat.

Between the conductor's rostrum and the auditorium was seated Madame Scarlati, the visiting soloist, whose fame had attracted an unusually large audience.

In the front row of sopranos sat Marguerite, respendent in silk and pearls. Beside her sat Marion, without jewels or laces, yet looking very sweet in her simple gown of white, with her abundant brown hair arranged in a coronal and in its thick braids a single crimson rose.

The opening chorus was sung magnificently, and at last Madame Scarlati rose. High and clear, her voice soared away over the audience sweet and soft it rippled back, to end in a burst of melody that carried hearts by storm. The listeners applauded with enthusiasm, and Marguerite spoke.

"I can never do it!" she said, tremulously.

"Do what?" aked Marion, withdrawing her fascinated gaze from the singer and turning it to the pale face at her side.

"That aria. Could I pipe up my weak little voice after hearing her?"

"I think you will be obliged to," replied Marion, coldly.

"Oh, I cannot. You do it for me, please. You sing it much better than I. You should have been chosen in the first place. Oh, do sing it! I've been getting worse and worse all the evening, until now I'm almost frightened to death. You must!"

"I will not," was the decided reply. "I shall not crowd myself into the program uninvited."

"Oh, I know I'm acting silly, but I never realized what it would be. Look at that dreadful sea of faces out there! And Madame Scarlati! And the Stabat Mater comes next! Oh, I can't, I can't. Won't you, Marion?"

"Most certainly not. You are most absurd."

The baton tapped the stand for attention. The chorus rose, the orchestra began. With a grim satisfaction Marion heard the shivering breaths beside her. Maguerite's pretty color had vanished and her big, frightened eyes looked out from a pale, drawn face.

At last the solo was reached. Weakly her voice chimed in—weakly and tremulously. Professor Morosini glowered darkly and nodded fiercely. Madame Scarlati put up her lorgnette and turned to view the singer. She nerved herself for the second phrase—she must do it!

But only a little way ahead loomed those intricate turns, and most awful of all, that high C. She could never do it, if they killed her for the failure.

In terror she stumbled while chorus and orchestra tried to make amends. The conductor's face was like a thunder-cloud, and a ripple of amusement passed over the audience. In Marion's ears there rang above everything else part of a sentence: "Do a little kindness."

How could she swallow her pride and sing unbidden the part that had been denied her?

"Do a little kindness," she heard again. A wave of pity for the poor young thing beside her surged up and washed the bitterness away. Suddenly under the weak, faltering solo there slipped a supporting voice, clear, smooth round.

The agony on the conductor's countenance gave way, and the chorus relaxed their tension and Madame Scarlati dropped her lorgnette and smiled On through the difficult passages the velvet voice went, true, unerring, reaching its climax unfalteringly on the dreaded high C.

She had her reward. The storm of applause from the appreciative audience rivaled that which madame herself had won. And after the concert was over Professor Morosini thanked her with an earnestnes that left no doubt as to his sincerity and added:

"By the way, Miss Wood, to-morrow I have to meet a committee who desire a competent soprano for a choir position. I think you will suit them; and the salary is good. Two o'clock to-morrow—my studio."

Then Madame Scarlati came and took her hand, and said:

"It was beautifully done, my dear. Your position was most trying, but you met the difficulty graciously. I am glad to know you, and I shall expect to hear of you again."

At home, after the jubilee had somewhat subsided, and Anna and Alfred had stopped talking at once and continuously, Marion laid her head in her mother's lap, and said, humbly:

"I came very near giving up to my wickedness. But my mother's little sermon came to my mind and saved me. Sermons are always more effective you know, where the preacher exemplified his text."—Youth's Companion.

Gown a Newspaper Hit.

Superb paper gowns have been seen before, but some of the costumes at Tuxedo's paper ball last week showed what the folk of the smart set really can do in this line once they put their minds to it. The women were pictures in exquisite creations designed by Paris dressmakers while the men made a rather poor showing in comparison. Of course, things were easier for the women, for to make pretty gowns out of paper is not so very difficult. It was hard to believe in some cases that the robes were not of some other fabric, so graceful and dainty were they, with the latest touch of fashion about them. One very lovely one was of white crepe paper decorated with wreaths of tiny pink paper roses and leaves. It had a full skirt, just trailing a little, with a deep flounce, set on with a large cord piping just as silk and chiffon evening gowns are being trimmed. The pointed girdle was of green paper on a frame to hold it firm, and there were small puffed sleeves with decorations of little roses like those on the skirt. One woman departed from the crepe paper scheme and appeared in a most attractive dress of newspapers, gathered from all corners of the globe. The skirt was made on a foundation of crepe paper and had three flounces, all made of the titles of newspapers. The bodice was completed by the skillful arrangement of smaller headlines finished by a black paper girdle. This gown furnished the wearer with plenty of topics for conversation and also furnished up the wits of others. "That gown ought to make a hit in the papers," was the jealous comment of one particular observer who had been known to run after the society reporters with typewritten descriptions of her robes.—New York Press.

According to Dorothy..

Dorothy is a sweet little maid of two and a half. Her father never carries a cane, and when a caller came in with one, one day, she was observed standing before it rapt in contemplation.

"Well, Dorothy," said her mother, "what's that?"

Dorothy looked up with a puzzled expression. "Umbwella wivout any clothes on," said she.—Lippincott's Magazine.

A recent invention in Germany is automatic billiards.

NOTES AND COMMENTS.

Insurance companies seeking reorganization should not overlook the fact that Russia has a complete set of Grand Dukes out of a job, suggests the Cleveland Leader.

Murders and homicides decreased more than 2,000 in the United States in the past ten years. Lynchings decreased one-half.

The resignation of Chief Procurator Constantine Petrovitch Pobiedonosteff quite obviously simplifies things in Russia, thinks the Boston Herald.

Something more than "platitudes of virture" is indeed in the fight for public honesty and moral courage, declared Edward M. Shepard in a letter read at the annual meeting of the Federation of Church Clubs.

He who brings forth two blades of grass, where but one grew before, performs a greater service for humanity than he who builds a city, asserts the Epitomist. There is nothing new in this thought for it has often been stated in similar words, but it will serve as a text in this as well as in the original form.

Railroad accidents in Chicago during the eleven months ended Nov. 1 cost 381 lives according to a report made by Coroner Hoffman, relates the New York World. The report also shows there were 1211 suicides in the country, 120 deaths due to street car accidents, 187 homicides, 10 killed by automobiles 201 deaths due to falls and 157 to burns and scalds.

The Secretary of Agriculture has discovered that about 40 per cent of the grass seed sold to the government is adulterated, says the Washington Post. The suburbanite who has been experimenting with the free seed graft will be anxious to have the other 60 per cent identified and labeled.

Barry Pain, in London Opinion, says: "I believe that more people read reviews than is generally supposed, at any rate in those papers where a high standard of reviewing is maintained. I know, for instance, that many men are opposed to the politics of the Daily Chronicle, yet take the paper regularly for the excellence of its literary page."

Dr. Elgin R. L. Gould recently gave a history of what might be called "The Three Ages of Graft." "First, he said, "graft was direct. Everybody grabbed what he wanted. The second stage shows us graft syndicated—legal advice and market tips were dealt out to the selected among the faithful. Third, graft was imperialized. Now the boss reserves all, or nearly all, for himself."

A scientist in the United States Agricultural Department, Dr. Cushman, relates the Philadelphia Record, announces that by an electrical process he can extract 8 per cent. of potash from the millions of tons of gneiss rock to be found in the country. At the same time a chemist in Denver has made another discovery—that the residuum from the refining of sugar betts can be converted into potash to such a degree that the sugar will be the by-product. Large quantities of potash are now imported chiefly from Germany. G

At the Mexican government financial agency it is estimated that $700,000,000 of American capital is invested in Mexico and the sum is growing rapidly, says the Philadelphia Record. English and French investments amount to about $50,000,000 each. Twenty-six companies with an aggregate capital of $10,000,000 have been registered in London in two years for working Mexican mines. Mexico is reaping the result of good credit and the protection of life and property.

The Norwegian majority for Prince Charles as King has kept up pretty close to its early promise and must be highly gratifying to the prospective monarch. It forms a fitting culmination to the episode of Scandinavian separation which has been conducted throughout with a sobriety, courtesy and general high-mindedness worthy of that strong and self reliant race. No separation of two realms was ever more amicably effected, and no nation ever entered upon a career of independence more auspiciously, thinks the New York Tribune.

There is one general principle running through all the views of doctors in regard to disease. It is the importance of checking the growth of a variety of diseases in the interests of the physical fitness of the nation at large and not merely of the individual, remarks the Saturday Review. If this is to be done, many restraints, both legal and social, will have to be submitted to which at present are not imposed owing to the luck of an enlightened popular opinion. Sir James Crichton-Browne indicated one social restraint when speaking of the evil effects of alcohol. It is much to be wished, he said, that there should grow up one of those conventional understandings which are almost more binding than legal enactments, that it is bad form for a youth to indulge in alcohol till he has attained his majority.

In Paris even the poor man stops on his way to work to have his shoes shined.

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Partridge Shattered Window Pane.

A partridge flying against a plate glass window in the home of C. E. Whitney at North Adams shattered the glass in such a manner that Mrs. Whitney and her two children were badly cut. Mrs. Whitney was so badly alarmed that she telephoned her husband that all three had been shot. The police found the bird dead upon the floor.

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THE CENTRE REPORTER.
S. W. SMITH, . . . Editor and Proprietor.

CENTRE HALL, . . . PENN'A.

THURSDAY, DECEMBER 14, 1905.

TERMS.—The terms of subscription to the Reporter are one dollar per year in advance.

ADVERTISEMENTS.—20 cents per line for three insertions, and 5 cents per line for each subsequent insertion. Other rates made known on application.

The figures opposite your name on label of paper indicate the date to which your subscription is paid. When no date is given the date implied is July, 1900: when no month is given the month implied is July—thus: "00" means July, 1900; "01", means July, 1901; "04" means that your subscription is paid in advance to July, 1904. Other months than July are indicated by abbreviations.

When you pay your subscription always examine your label, and when a notice appears that corrections have been made, compare and report immediately if you have not been given proper credit. No receipts for subscription will be sent by mail unless by special request. The change of date on label ought to be sufficient evidence. Money by mail is reasonably safe. There have been no losses to this date.

RESOLUTIONS AND CARDS OF THANKS.—Resolutions of respect will be charged for at the rate of one-half cent per word, (payable in advance) the minimum charge being $1.00. Cards of thanks, two cents per word, minimum charge, fifty cents, also payable in advance.

Judge Kills Pure Food Law.

Judge Porter, of Lawrence county, declared the Pure Food Law unconstitutional, because of a defect in the title.

The Weather.

The weather during the past week has been unusually pleasant for this season of the year. Mecury ranged between fifty and twenty-five degrees above zero.

The Etters Case.

The case of Superintendent Etters against the school board of Bellefonte for $300 back pay, was disposed of by entering judgment in the sum of $280, subject to a question of law.

The case will be heard at Argument Court before the court will render an opinion.

LOCALS.

Mrs. L. Rhone is considerably improved at present.

Will D. Shoop was home over Sunday from Yeagertown.

L. Ray Morgan, of Philipsburg, is at present employed in the Adams Express office, Pittsburg.

E. L. Bartholomew, one of the assistants at the Mifflinburg railroad station, was home over Sunday.

W. B. Mingle, Esq., advertises a notice of interest to the creditors of Mrs. Sarah Durst, deceased.

After visiting in Pittsburg for several weeks, Mr. and Mrs. John T. Lee returned home last week.

Rev. H. C. Bixler, of Rebersburg, and Rev. J. M. Rearick, of Centre Hall, exchanged pulpits Sunday.

Mrs. W. Oliver Strunk, of Centre Hall, intends visiting relatives in Clearfield county, her former home.

William Goheen, of Boalsburg, and his brother, John B. Goheen, of Pennsylvania Furnace, were in Centre Hall on business Tuesday.

T. M. Gramley, of Spring Mills, trustee for the Durst estate, advertises for sale the house and lot in Centre Hall, occupied by the late Mrs. Sarah Durst.

Samuel J. McClintic, of near Potters Mills, and George Ishler, of Tusseyville, represented the South side of Potter township in Centre Hall Tuesday afternoon.

Milton Kline, on the Spicher farm, above Earlystown, lost a horse from the effects of overfeeding hay. Many farm horses are injured by too liberal feeding of provender.

Jacob Wagner today (Thursday) will start on his Christmas vacation. He will spend the time with his sons, James Wagner, at Mifflinburg, and Rev. W. J. Wagner, at Buckhorn.

In her novelette, "The Outsider," which opens the January number of The Smart Set, Beatrix Demarest Lloyd has written an exquisite romance of Italy, a story of rare literary charm and distinction. Short fiction in great abundance is to be found in the same issue.

Wm. Sinkabine, tenant on the Woods farm near Spring Mills, in company with Paul Leitzell, were callers Wednesday afternoon. The former next spring will move to the Fisher farm, at Penn Hall, and will succeed Andrew Zettle. Mr. Zettle will go to the Bartges farm, near Coburn.

Mrs. Gephart, of Zion, died very suddenly early Friday morning, of paralysis, while visiting at the home of her daughter, Mrs. Harry McCloskey, in Beech Creek township. She retired Sunday evening in her usual health, and was stricken in the night and died shortly afterwards. She was aged about sixty-five years. Her husband died several months ago.

At the December communication of the Grand Lodge of Pennsylvania, Free and Accepted Masons, held at Philadelphia, the following elective officers were chosen: R. W. Grand Master, George W. Kendrick, Jr., Philadelphia; R. W. Depnty Grand Master, George B. Orlady, Huntingdon: R. W. Senior Grand Warden, George W. Guthrie, Pittsburg; R. W. Junior Grand Warden, William L. Gorgas, Harrisburg. The Grand Lodge voted to appropriate $500 from the charity fund to the public fund for the relief of the Jews in Russia.

Harris Township.

Quite a number of our people were at the county seat during the past week, doing their Christmas shopping.

Wesley Myers killed the two largest porkers, last week, of any that were butchered here this fall. The combined weight of the two was 968 lbs. The heavier one weighed 526 lbs.

The members of the different Sunday schools are practicing for Christmas entertainments.

During the student's strike at State College, a number of them made frequent trips through here, bent on a little pleasure of their kind.

Mrs. Laura Bricker spent a few days last week with friends at Tyrone and Unionville.

Miss Martha Boal, of Centre Hall, spent the last few weeks in this place.

Mrs. Snook, of Mifflin county, and Mrs. Edward Calderwood, of Tyrone, were visitors at the home of John Allen.

Miss Maude Kimport left on Monday for Bellefonte, where she will stay for an indefinite time.

William Leech returned to Tyrone on Monday, after spending a few weeks with his mother.

Mrs. Emma Fisher spent Monday in State College.

The merchants and grocers have their windows filled with fancy and useful articles appropriate for Christmas gifts.

Lloyd Worl, Tuesday, moved from here to Mifflin county.

This township was well represented at the social held at the home of Jas. Gilliland, at Oak Hall, last Friday evening.

Mr. and Mrs. Samuel Roberts, of Braddock, who are mourning the death of their son, who died at their home, and was buried in Bellefonte last Wednesday, came to Boalsburg to spend a few days with friends.

Linden Hall.

Mr. and Mrs. James Ross spent some time last week at the home of the latter's sister, Mrs. Gregory, in Stone Valley, returning Monday.

The U. E. Sunday school will hold a Christmas entertainment in the church here on the evening of the twenty-fourth.

Mrs. Rosie Wieland and son Guy spent Saturday with relatives here.

Thomas Allen, of Boalsburg, was a guest of friends here this week.

Invitations are out for the wedding of Miss Catherine Meyer and Will Mothersbaugh.

W. A. Catherman, the village blacksmith, is now able to handle the hammer after an enforced idleness of six weeks, caused by having his index finger almost severed by an ax.

Miss Janet McFarlane is visiting friends at Reedsville.

Mrs. Frank McClellan was an arrival Saturday for a visit at the home of her father, Geiss Wagner.

The social at James Gilliland's home was attended by about seventy persons, and forty-three dollars were raised for the benefit of the Presbyterian church at Lemont.

Aaronsburg.

Mrs. Sarah Leitzell has gone to spend a few weeks with friends at Madisonburg.

Mr. and Mrs. Bailey, of near Penn Hall, spent the Sabbath with the family of Foster Bower.

Mrs. Smith and Mrs. Duck, of Millheim, visited at the home of James Roush.

Mrs. Lizzie Hough, of Madisonburg, was the guest of Mrs. Annie Detwiler, on Saturday.

Mrs. J. C. Condo spent the greater part of last week with her parents at Logan Mills. Her father accompanied her upon her return home.

Miss Henrietta Kline has taken a trip to Loganton.

Mr. and Mrs. Brooks, of Pleasant Gap, spent a day last week at the home of Thomas Hull.

Mrs. Schoop and Archie Decker, of Spring Mills, were the guests of Merchant Detwiler last week.

Dr. Andrew Musser and wife were to Coburn, to their uncle, Emanuel Rote's home.

The Henry Gilbert sale was well attended, but only amounted to ten dollars.

Spring Mills.

The stores in this village are being dressed in their usual holiday attire and are becoming quite attractive.

Butchering is now drawing to a close. Last week the very atmosphere was heavy with the fumes of grease and fat. Sausage can now be had by the cubic yard.

During the week the rising generation were amusing themselves by sliding and skating on the ice.

Turkeys are scarce and command high figures, so the English plum pudding will be the chief Christmas dish.

J. B. Hall and L. E. Hawk, of Pottsville, were here for a few days last week, visiting friends in the valley.

One of our prominent citizens read the President's entire message and then—fainted.

The death of George A. Harbaugh, who for thirty-five years lived in Bellefonte, occurred at the hospital Monday morning. He was aged seventy-four years. Interment was made at Lancaster.

DEATHS.

MRS. LUCINDA REIGARD.

Mrs. Lucinda Reigard, the widow of the late Dr. Reigard, died in Freeport, Ill., November 25, after a long illness. The deceased was about ninety-three years of age and a native of Columbia county, where the doctor and wife resided, and afterwards came to Centre county and made their home at Woodward, purchasing the Motz hotel and mill property. In November, 1854, they decided to go west. A daughter, the widow of J. C. Motz, died at Woodward about two years ago.

LEWIS DORMAN.

Lewis Dorman, one of the oldest residents of Haines township, died at his home near Fiedler on Tuesday, November 28, aged eighty-five years, five months and eighteen days. He is survived by two sons, Peter, of Illinois, who came to attend the funeral, and David at home, and six daughters, Mrs. Daniel Stover and Mrs. John Orndorf, of Woodward; Mrs. John Confer, of Millheim; Mrs. John Guisewite, of Oak Grove; Mrs. Newton Hess, of South Dakota, and Mrs. Kate Whiteleather, of Lock Haven.

Colyer.

Mr. and Mrs. Andrew Zettle and children, of Penn Hall, spent Sunday at the home of Calvin Cooney.

Miss Ida Nevil, of this place, is visiting friends and relatives at Coburn.

Mr. and Mrs. Foster Frazier and daughter Harriet left for Pittsburg, where Mr. Frazier will enter a hospital and undergo an operation.

Clayton Wagner and Harry McClellan are the proud fathers of baby girls.

Miss Helen Bodtorf spent Sunday with her aunt, at Tusseyville.

Meetings are still in progress in the United Evangelical church, at Zion.

The Pennsylvania Railroad Company has concluded to "order it up" instead of "passing."

A Certain Cure for Croup.

When a child shows symptoms of croup there is no time to experiment with new remedies, no matter how highly they may be recommended. There is one preparation that can always be depended upon. It has been in use for many years and has never been known to fail, viz: Chamberlain's Cough Remedy. Mr. M. F. Comptom, of Market, Texas, says of it, "I have used Chamberlain's Cough Remedy in severe cases of croup with my children, and can truthfully say it always gives prompt relief." For sale by C. W. Swartz, Tusseyville; F. A. Carson, Potters Mills.

HIS APOSTOLIC MAJESTY.

Title of the Emperor of Austria as King of Hungary.

The title of "apostolic majesty" is borne by the emperor of Austria as king of Hungary.

Hungary was ruled by dukes from its conquest by the Magyars to the year 1000, the regal title being assumed first by Vaik, whose education had been intrusted by his father, Geyza, who had married a Christian princess, to Adalbert, bishop of Prague. On succeeding his father Vaik embraced and established Christianity, applied for and received from Pope Sylvester II. the title of "apostolic king," was crowned as Stephen I. and afterward known as St. Stephen.

The title was renewed by Clement XIII. in 1758 and, though abolished in 1848, was reassumed as "apostolic majesty" in 1851 and restricted in 1868 to the Austrian emperor in his character as king of Hungary. The privilege of being preceded by a cross bearer was granted with the original title.—London Standard.

Ancient Bankers.

Among the most valuable evidences of the life and customs of the people of Babylon and Nineveh 700 years B. C. were found, during the excavations at various times, veritable letters of credit, bills of exchange, with and without warranty, money obligations of all kinds, sight drafts made payable to indorser or bearer. These denote the existence at Babylon, 600 B. C., of a bank which must have done a considerable business and shows that it is not only in our day that capital is used to give impetus and keep alive industrial pursuits.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.

In the Matter of the Estate of Wilbur F. Reeder, late of Bellefonte Boro, deceased } In the Orphans Court of Centre County.

The auditor appointed by the Court on November 30, A. D. 1905, to hear and dispose of the exceptions filed to the account of Lillie Reeder, administratrix of the estate of Wilbur F. Reeder, deceased, and to distribute the funds in the hands of said accountant to and among those legally entitled to receive the same, will meet the parties in interest at the office of Gettig, Bower and Zerby, Eagle Block, Bellefonte, Pa., on Monday, January 8, A. D. 1906, at 10 o'clock A. M., to perform the duties of his appointment. All parties having any claims against said estate are hereby notified to present the same at the above named time and place together with legal proof thereof or be forever debarred from coming in on said fund.

W. D. ZERBY, Auditor.

HOUSE AND LOT AT PRIVATE SALE.—The undersigned offers at private sale the house and lot, in Centre Hall, occupied by the late Mrs. Sarah Durst.

The dwelling is a two-story frame, built so it may be conveniently occupied by two families; painted and in good condition throughout. There is also erected on the premises a good stable and all necessary outbuildings, all in good repair.

This home is a most desirable one, well located in all respects. It is a corner lot which adds to its value and convenience.

T. M. GRAMLEY, Trustee,
Spring Mills, Pa.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS—I have been appointed agent for the heirs of Sarah Durst, deceased. All persons having claims against said estate will please present them to me for payment.

W. B. MINGLE,
Centre Hall, Pa.

Dec. 12, 1905. 3t

A HAZING TRAGEDY.

Origin of the Slang Phrase "Who Struck Billy Patterson?"

"It's many years now since the slang expression, 'Who struck Billy Patterson?' was heard all over New York and Brooklyn," said a veteran of the metropolis. "Few people remember the origin of the expression, which was really the killing of a young man by sheer fright. Hazing at colleges was as rough then as now, and a common plan was to capture a new student, try him for some imaginary offense, condemn him to execution, and then hold his head on a block while a blow was struck on the ground with the dull side of a hatchet. A student named William Patterson was caught and tried in this way and was led weeping and shouting to the block. He was then blindfolded and held down, told that his last day had come, and then the bogus blow was struck with the hatchet. His cries ceased instantly, and when the students in alarm tore off his eye bandages and felt his pulse they discovered that he was dead. Several investigations were held to ascertain who struck the fatal blow, and it was because it was finally ascertained that no one ever struck Billy Patterson at all that the aggravating question referred to was shouted at every stranger by street boys, bootblacks and other juvenile nuisances."

OVEREXERTION.

It Leads to Weakness of Heart and Early Death.

A prominent university professor says that an investigation of some years has convinced him that much evil has resulted from college athletics.

College athletics, he finds, bring on by overexertion a number of ills, of which the worst and most common is weakness of the heart, that, developing with maturity, unfits the victim for continued efficient effort in business and eventually carries him off before his time.

Sprinting and tennis he believes to be the two sports which work the most havoc with the heart.

Oliver Wendell Holmes said that a condition which often promoted long life was prudently poor health at an early age. He meant by this that a man who in his youth had to husband his strength and by slow and careful process develop the good health that he lacked would be more likely to escape the dangers of overexertion in which the careless giant was tempted to indulge.

Still, given strength and good health in the beginning, moderate exercise of one's powers cannot fail to be a source of renewed strength as well as of healthful enjoyment.—Boston Globe.

THE FINDING OF MOSES.

A Famous Artist Says There Were No Bulrushes In Egypt.

Bulrushes are so inseparably associated in the mind with the finding of Moses that it is difficult to imagine a painting of the incident in which the picturesque reeds do not figure.

But there is a beautiful painting by Sir Laurence Alma-Tadema of the finding of Moses, and the bulrushes are entirely omitted. The great painter gave the following explanation of the fact.

He ascribes the presence of the word "bulrushes" in the authorized version as being due to faulty translation, for there are no such things as bulrushes on the Nile. The word in the original means papyrus, and it seems that in the absence of some equivalent in English the word was used as being the nearest which the translators had at their command.

According to Alma-Tadema's reading, the mother of Moses fashioned a cradle or ark of papyrus and smeared it over with the white Nile mud, and it is according to this rendering that he has painted his picture.—Chambers' Journal.

Like Many a Man.

A horse was entered in a trotting race. When he was put on the track to be warmed up he seemed to move with great energy, and a number of inexperienced persons put up their money on him, but when the actual race came off a rawboned, yew necked animal that had no style about him passed the showy horse with great ease and on the home stretch distanced him.

"That horse," said an experienced race track man who had been wise enough to back the rawboned steed, "which lost out is like a good many people. He spends too much time and energy going up in the air instead of getting over the earth."—Missouri Valley Farmer.

Self Respect.

It is a mistake to associate pride or foppishness with self respect. The one rises from a judicious consideration of what we are, the other from an extravagant notion of what something extraneous has made us. The one is true, the other is false, and both cannot exist together. A man that respects himself cannot be proud, and a proud man does not respect himself.

Ability.

Father—You ought to be ashamed of yourself, Dick. You are now in your twenty-fifth year and you haven't earned a penny yet. At your age I had already married a woman with £10,000.—London World.

A Fatalist.

"I understand Colonel Jones is a fatalist."

"Your're right thar, stranger. He never fails to git his man."—New Orleans Times-Democrat.

Of all wild beasts preserve me from a tyrant; of all tame, from a flatterer. —Johnson.

..Holiday Gifts..

Auto Supplies—Caps, Jackets, Gloves. Aprons for Grocers, Butchers and Carpenters. Arm bands.

Belts, Bath Robes, Bags, Balls, Basket Balls, Bladders, Blouses, Base Balls and Bats.

Coats, Collar Buttons, Collars, Cuffs, Clothing for Men, Youths and Children; Canes, Clothes Brushes, Cuff Buttons, Caps, Cuff Links, Coat Hangers, Cardigan Jackets, College Flags.

Ear Muffs.

Foot Balls, Fobs, Fur Gloves, Full Dress Suits, Full Dress Protectors.

Gunning Coats, Gloves for Men Women and Children, Garters, Golf Jackets in all colors.

House Coats, Hand Bags, Hats, for Men, Youths and Children; Handkerchiefs in silk, linen and cotton, Hosiery for Men, Women and Children.

Initialed Handkerchiefs, Ice Skates, Ice Creapers, Ingersoll Watches.

Jackets for Men and Women, Jerseys, Jewelry.

Knit Underwear, for Men, Youths and Children.

Leggings, Linen Handkerchiefs, Laundry Bags.

Mufflers, Mittens.

Night Robes, Neck Wear.

Opera Hats, Over-alls, Overcoats.

Pocket Books, Purses, Pajamas, Penants, Pillow Covers, Pea Jackets, Pulse Warmers.

Rackets, Rain Coats for Men and Youths, Ribbon Watch Fobs, Reefers.

....Spalding's Goods....

Suspenders, Shirts, white and fancy, stiff or soft, Scarf Pins, Suit Cases, Shirt Studs, Sweaters, Skates, Scarfs, Suits, Socks, Stockings, Silk Hats, Sporting Goods, Sofa Pillows, Seal caps.

Ties, Trunks, Telescopes, Tuxedo Suits, Traveling Bags, Tennis Rackets, Tam-o-shanters.

Underwear for Men, Youths and Children. Umbrellas for Men, Women and children.

Vests, white and full dress; V Neck Sweaters, Valises.

Wrights Hygenic Underwear, Ways Mufflets.

Youths' Clothing.

MONTGOMERY & CO.
BELLEFONTE, PA.

We are After You

We want you to buy your Shoes of us. We will make it an object for you. We will help you . . .

Furnish Your Home Free

We are adding a free premium department to our Store. Something that has never been done by any store in Centre county. Our premiums will be of a kind that will help you furnish your home; premiums that you will not have to buy a large amount to get. Rugs, Rocking Chairs, Pictures, Lace Curtains, Clocks, Silverware—articles that will make your home cozy.

They will be given away free if you buy Shoes of us.
Why not buy from the Store that helps you.
Premium Rooms open for your inspection at all times.

YEAGER & DAVIS
The Shoe Money Savers
BELLEFONTE, PENN'A

Losing Your Hair?

And doing nothing to keep it? Most women like thick, heavy hair; long, luxuriant hair. Don't you? Then use Hall's Vegetable Sicilian Hair Renewer. You save what hair you have and get more at the same time.

For the whiskers and moustache we make BUCKINGHAM'S DYE. It colors a rich brown or a soft black. R. P. HALL & CO., Nashua, N. H.

STOP THAT COUGH with JAYNE'S EXPECTORANT

An almost infallible remedy for diseases of the Throat and Lungs, known and used the world over for almost a century.

FIRE NEAR MADISONBURG.

Destroys the Large Farm Barn on the Harvey H. Miller Farm—Eighteen Head of Cattle Burned.

The barn on the farm of Harvey H. Miller, three-fourths of a mile east of Madisonburg, was totally destroyed by fire Saturday night. Eighteen head of cattle, which was all the stock in the barn except the horses, were also burned, together with all the grain, hay and farm implements.

Saturday evening Harry Miller, a son of the owner, and tenant on the Miller farm, together with his wife and small children drove to Madisonburg, and at about nine o'clock returned to their home. The horse they used on the trip was stabled without the aid of a light of any kind, and shortly thereafter the family retired.

About 10:30 o'clock Mr. Miller was awakened, and saw a glaring light at the barn, which upon further investigation proved that the whole of the upper part of the barn was afire. Mr. Miller hurried to the barn, and with considerable effort was enabled to remove his horses from their stalls, but the flames were too far advanced to release the stock.

Besides the stock, implements, harness, etc., burned there were destroyed by the fire about one thousand bushels of corn, seven hundred bushels of wheat, four hundred bushels of oats, lot of hay and straw.

Mr. Miller, the owner of the farm, had an insurance of $960 on the barn, in the Centre County Mutual Fire Insurance Company, while the son, the tenant, had $1600 insurance in the Annville Fire Insurance Company.

In 1856, the Miller barn was built by Hon. Samuel Frank, of Rebersburg, who at that time owned the farm.

An Engineer's Find.

Wednesday morning the engineer on the east bound freight train spied two watches, a necklace, photograph of a lady, and several other trinkets, lying at the tool house east of Centre Hall station.

The articles were undoubtedly part of a plunder secured by robbers, who did not want to run the risk of being caught with stolen goods that might be identified.

A further investigation by Assistant Station Agent Ishler, revealed a bunch of twenty or more receipts, which indicates that depredations had been committed by the disgorgers at Renovo. One of the papers reads as follows:

Renovo, December 14, 1882.—Received of L. C. Chatham $500 to apply on account of Domestic Sewing Machine. J. F. Clark & Co., per C. H. Young.

Weddings to Be.

The marriage of Jonathan Gelnet, a Middleburg merchant, and Miss Margaret Bolander is announced to take place in January. Miss Bolander is well known to many of the people in Centre Hall, having visited Miss Laura Runkle.

It is unofficially announced that the marriage of Edward Zeigler and Miss Rebecca J. Moyer will take place Wednesday, 27th inst. Miss Moyer is very favorably known to the young people in Centre Hall, and is a daughter of J. K. Moyer, of near Rebersburg. Mr. Zeigler is a graduate of Franklin and Marshall College, and at present is employed by the government at Washington.

Hurt While Butchering.

While assisting in killing hogs at the home of Hon. Wm. Allison, Spring Mills, on Wednesday morning, Mattias Waigley received a painful injury. He was dragging a hog by the means of a hook, and in some manner fell, causing the hook to release and strike his left wrist. The wound was dressed by Dr. H. S. Braucht.

List Corrections.

The subscription list of the Centre Reporter was corrected for this issue. Please examine the label and report errors in address, or credit, if any are found.

Those who have not paid subscription recently, should also examine their label and see whether or not a remittance is necessary.

Handkerchief Bazar.

A handkerchief bazar for the benefit of the Penn Hall Lutheran church, will be held at the home of Mrs John Shook, Spring Mills, on Saturday afternoon and evening of December 16th and 23rd. Candies will also be sold. All are invited as purchasers.

New Road Law.

In another column are printed the main features of the new road law, officers under which will be elected at the coming February election. The law should be thoroughly studied, since the change in road management is radical.

Elected at York.

A dispatch from York, dated Sunday, December 10th, states: Rev. J. M. Rearick, of Centre Hall, was elected pastor of the Salem Lutheran charge, today. He will preach for four different congregations—Staver's, St. Paul's, Dover and Harmony Grove.

Rugs free if you buy shoes of Yeager & Davis.

THE STATE GRANGE.

Important Matters being Discussed of Interest to All Farmers.

Fully one thousand delegates were present at the opening session of the Pennsylvania State Grange, Sunbury, Tuesday.

Among the most important matters discussed affecting the farmers and public generally was a resolution passed by the legislative committee of Shilo Grange, asking for the repeal of the vaccination law.

From a number of sources measures were introduced with a view to procure equalization of taxation. A general statement of tax rates through the state was read by Miss Florence Rhone, of Centre Hall.

Election laws also came in for attention. It is expected that the Grange will indorse Representative Cressy's proposal to establish an official envelope for voting, as the majority of the members believe it to be the best method yet advanced to insure the secrecy of the ballot.

Another subject on which the grange plans to make itself heard is the extension of graded schools to rural districts. A law providing for a centralization of schools, with provision for conveyance to and from sessions of children from isolated sections, is on the statute books, and its enforcement will be demanded by grangers.

The committee on legislation is believed to have a report ready on the parcels post question, as well as provision to carry freight on rural trolley lines.

Both of these moves, it is virtually assured, will be heartily indorsed, and measures taken to bring about their realization.

In line with these public utilities is the demand of the Centre county Pomona Grange for rural public telephone lines. A resolution providing for this, introduced by George Dale, master of the Centre county grange reads:

We petition the State Grange to appeal to the Legislature for the enactment of laws empowering County Commissioners and Township Road Supervisors to construct public rural telephone lines, with full privilege of any citizen to attach any approved telephone instrument at an even nominal toll for the use of the public line and exchanges owned by county governments.

LOCALS.

Miss Edith Cole, of Boalsburg, visited friends in Centre Hall Tuesday.

Will A. Odenkerk, station master at Glen Iron, took his vacation last week.

Wednesday it was learned that Calvin Runkle, of Tusseyville, is getting some better. His condition, however, is serious.

W. Harrison Walker, Esq., accompanied by Mrs. Walker, went to Philadelphia beginning of this week, where they remained for a few days.

Dr. J. F. Alexander lost a heavy tie strap between Centre Hall and Potters Mills. He will suitably reward any one who returns the same to him.

There are at present 732 inmates in the Huntingdon Reformatory. During November there were slaughtered the following to supply food: 23 head of cattle, 11,685 pounds; 2 calves, 3 hogs and 2 lambs.

Mr. and Mrs. Bigler Shafer are the representatives of Progress Grange at the State Grange in session at Sunbury. Miss Florence Rhone is also attending the same gathering, and before returning home will go to Harrisburg and other points east.

Mrs. W. H. Meyer, of Centre Hall, and Mr. and Mrs. Foster W. Frazier, of Tusseyville, are in the western part of the state. The former is visiting her daughter, Mrs. I. V. Musser, at Beaver, and the latter are the guests of Mr. Frazier's brother, in Pittsburg.

Mrs. Smith, wife of Robert Smith, tenant on the J. C. Smith farm west of Millheim, received an injury Tuesday evening that proved painful, yet no serious results are anticipated. The lady in walking from the barn to the house, at dusk, struck her head against a water pipe.

John H. Durst, east of Centre Hall, was a caller Tuesday and announced sale of his farm stock and implements for March 21st. Mr. Durst expects to move to Centre Hall. He will be followed on the Durst farm by its present owner, William D. Bartges, of near Coburn. The latter gentleman purchased the farm about four years ago from the late Hiram Durst.

Milton Benner is here from the west paying the family of W. J. Mitterling a visit. He has been in the employment of E. S. Smoot, of near Petersburg, Illinois, for the past few years. Mr. Smoot is a wealthy gentleman and besides general farming is engaged extensively in breeding thoroughbred Poland China hogs, and finds Mr. Benner very useful help wherever needed.

A suggestion: When making up your list of Christmas presents, keep in mind the fact that your son, daughter or friend will appreciate a gift that will be a constant reminder of the honor. With this in view, what could be more appropriate than a year's subscription to the Centre Reporter? Fifty times a year, it will call to mind the benefactor, and give the news, as no letter will, of the dear old home.

The First Chapters of "The Masqueraders" and Five Christmas Stories in the Xmas Number of the Sunday North American.

The North American promises something decidedly out of the ordinary in its issue for December 17, the Christmas edition of the Sunday paper. The management has secured six Christmas stories by the best-known authors, and will also begin the serial publication of "The Masquerader," by Katherine Cecil Thurston, the novel that has been praised by all of the critics as the greatest that has been written in the last ten years.

The short stories are "A Stolen Christmas," by Mary E. Wilkins Freeman; "Davy's Christmas," by Annie Crumbull Slosson; "Solomon Crow's Christmas Pockets," by Ruth McEnery Stuart; "A Journey in Search of Christmas," by Owen Wister; "An Engineer's Christmas Story," by John A. Hill, and "The Christmas Gifts of Thaddeus," by John Kendrick Bangs.

The front cover of the magazine is said to be the finest head of Kris Kingle ever printed in a newspaper. There is a poem by Peter H. Doyle that the young folks will be reciting at the holiday entertainments.

All the magazine articles and comics will be full of the Christmas spirit, and one page that will be thoroughly practical is that which tells about the cost of the Christmas presents that are bought annually in the big cities.

The edition will be limited owing to the extra work necessitated by the special features, so that it will be necessary to order the paper in advance.

Nittany Mountain.

Robinson's stave mill is not running regularly now.

Most all the people in this community have finished butchering.

Mrs. James Stover, of Bellefonte, was over to visit her sister, Mrs. Jacob Sprow.

Robert Smith moved into the Adam Nearhood house, near Centre Hall, last Monday.

The family of Daniel Callihan, Jr., who had all been ill from grip, are improving.

John Woods, of Boalsburg, spent a day at the home of his brother-in-law, William Parker.

John Garver, who had been here several weeks during the hunting season, returned to his home.

Calvin Horner, of Altoona, a son of Mrs. Wm. Horner, of this place, who fell through an elevator shaft some time ago, sustaining serious injury, is on a fair way to recovery.

William Houser was suddenly taken very sick last Monday evening, but is now much be ter. He is suffering from the grip, and a large abscess has formed under his right arm, causing him severe pain.

Smith, the Photographer.

W. W. Smith, the Photographer, will be in Centre Hall Friday December 15, from 8 to 2:30 o'clock.

Grip Quickly Knocked Out.

"Some weeks ago during the severe winter weather both my wife and myself contracted severe colds which speedily developed into the worst kind of a la grippe with all its miserable symptoms," says Mr. J. S. Egleston, of Maple Landing, Iowa. "Knees and joints aching, muscles sore, head stopped up, eyes and nose running, with alternate spells of chills and fever. We began using Chamberlain's Cough Remedy, aiding the same with a dose of Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets, and by its liberal use soon completely knocked out the grip." These Tablets promote a healthy action of the bowels, liver and kidneys which is always beneficial when the system is congested by a cold or attack of the grip. For sale by C. W. Swartz, Tusseyville; F. A Carson, Potters Mills.

Clocks free if you buy shoes of Yeager & Davis.

BELLEFONTE CENTRAL RAILROAD.
Week Days.

EASTWARD.				STATIONS.		WESTWARD		
6	4	2			1	3	5	
PM.	P. M	AM	AM	Ar.	Lv.	AM	AM	PM
6 30	12 50	8 50		Bellefonte	6 30	10 15	3 00	
6 10	12 40	8 40		Coleville	6 35	10 20	3 07	
6 07	12 37	8 37		Morris	6 38	10 23	3 12	
6 03	12 35	8 35		Stevens	6 43	10 27	3 17	
6 00	12 31	8 31		Hunters	6 46	10 30	3 21	
5 55	12 28	8 28		Fillmore	6 50	10 34	3 26	
5 50	12 24	8 24		Briarly	6 55	10 40	3 32	
5 45	12 20	8 20		Waddles	7 00	10 45	3 45	
5 27	12 07	8 07		Krumrine	7 12	10 57	3 50	
5 20	12 00	8 00		State College	7 25	11 10	4 05	
4 30		7 45		Struble	7 27		4 10	
4 25		7 40		Bloomsdorf	7 31		4 15	
4 20		7 35		Pine Grove Cro	7 35		4 20	

Holiday Goods . .

We have on hand a line of Holiday Goods suitable for a handsome Present for anyone.

OUR CHINA CORNER
Was never prettier than now.

KERCHIEFS—5c to 60c.

FANCY TABLE LINEN
With Napkins to match.

TABLE COVERS, TOWELS.

TOILET SETS—$3.00 up.

HANDSOME DRESSER SETS. LAMPS—useful and pretty.

Candies—ANY AMOUNT AND EXTRA QUALITIES

Fresh Cakes for Xmas.

H. F. ROSSMAN
SPRING MILLS, PA.

For Lung Troubles

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral certainly cures coughs, colds, bronchitis, consumption. And it certainly strengthens weak throats and weak lungs. There can be no mistake about this. You know it is true. And your own doctor will say so.

The best kind of a testimonial—"Sold for over sixty years."

Made by J. C. Ayer Co., Lowell, Mass. Also manufacturers of
Ayer's SARSAPARILLA. PILLS. HAIR VIGOR.

We have no secrets! We publish the formulas of all our medicines.

Keep the bowels regular with Ayer's Pills and thus hasten recovery.

...The Index...
Bellefonte, Pa.

OUR GIFT LIST

Art Casts
Ash Trays
Bibles
Books
Book-marks
Bill Books
Booklets
Calendars
Christmas Cards
Card Cases
Collar and Cuff Boxes
Diaries
Daily Reminders
Flemish Clocks
Fountain Pens
Gold Pens
Hand Bags
Ink Stands
Letter Openers
Manicure Sets
Medallions
Military Brushes
Mirrors
Paper Weights
Papeteries
Pocket Books
Prayer Books
Pictures
Pipe Racks
Post Card Albums
Pen Trays
Picture Frames
Photograph Boxes
Photograph Albums
Shaving Sets
Smokers Companions
Toilet Sets
Tabourettes
Waste Paper Baskets
AND A BIG LINE OF TOYS

If it is an advantage to you to have a big line to select from, look in THE INDEX

PENNSYLVANIA R. R.

Philad. & Erie R. R. Division and Northern Central Ry.

Time Table in Effect November 26, 1905.

TRAINS LEAVE MONTANDON, EASTWARD.

7.38 A. M.—Train 64. Week days for Sunbury, Harrisburg, arriving at Philadelphia, 11.48 a. m., New York 2.05 p. m., Baltimore 12.00 p. m., Washington 1.00 p. m. Parlor car and passenger coach to Philadelphia.

9.22 A. M.—Train 30. Daily for Sunbury Wilkes-Barre, Scranton, Harrisburg and intermediate stations. Week days for Scranton, Hazelton, and Potteville. Philadelphia, New York, Baltimore, Washington. Through passenger coaches to Philadelphia.

1.28 P. M.—Train 12. Week days for Sunbury, Wilkes-Barre, Scranton, Hazelton, Pottsville, Harrisburg and intermediate stations, arriving at Philadelphia at 6.23 p. m., New York, 9.30 p. m. Baltimore, 6.00 p. m., Washington at 7.07 p. m Parlor car through to Philadelphia, and passenger coaches to Philadelphia, Baltimore and Washington.

4.45 P. M.—Train 32. Week days for Wilkes-Barre, Scranton, Hazelton, Pottsville, and daily for Harrisburg and intermediate points, arriving at Philadelphia 10.47 p. m., New York 3.53 a. m., Baltimore 9.43 p. m. Passenger coaches to Philadelphia and Baltimore.

8.10 P. M.—Train 68. Daily for Sunbury, Harrisburg, and all intermediate stations, arriving at Philadelphia 4.23 a. m., New York at 7.13 a. m., Baltimore, 2.20 a. m., Washington, 3.30 a. m. Pullman sleeping cars from Harrisburg to Philadelphia and New York. Philadelphia passengers can remain in sleepers undisturbed until 7.30 a. m.

WESTWARD.

5.33 A. M.—Train 3. (Daily) For Erie, Canandaigua, Rochester, Buffalo, Niagara Falls and intermediate stations, with passenger coaches to Erie and Canandaigua. Week days for DuBois, Bellefonte and Pittsburg.

9.58 A. M.—Train 31. (Daily) For Lock Haven and intermediate stations, and week days for Tyrone, Clearfield, Philipsburg, Pittsburg and the West, with through cars to Tyrone.

1.31 P. M.—Train 61. Week days for Emporium, Tyrone, Clearfield, Philipsburg, Pittsburg, Canandaigua and intermediate stations, Syracuse, Rochester, Buffalo and Niagara Falls, with through passenger coaches to Emporium and Canandaigua and Parlor car from Philadelphia.

5.39 P. M.—Train 1. Week days for Renovo, Watkins and intermediate stations.

10.07 P. M.—Train 67. Week days for Williamsport and intermediate stations. Through Parlor Car and Passenger Coach for Philadelphia.

9.10 P. M.—Train 63. Sunday only, for Williamsport and intermediate stations.

LEWISBURG AND TYRONE RAILROAD.
Week Days.

WESTWARD.				STATIONS.		EASTWARD.		
P M.	A M.	P M			P M	A M.	P M	
1 38	5 40	5 42		Montandon	8 05	9 10	4 20	
1 48	6 30	5 50		Lewisburg	7 55	9 00	4 20	
1 55	6 38	5 57		Biehl	6 36	8 53	4 13	
2 00	6 42	6 02		Vicksburg	6 30	8 48	4 08	
2 08	6 50	6 10		Millmont	6 20	8 40	4 00	
2 20	7 02			Millmont		8 29	3 49	
2 27	7 09			Glen Iron		8 22	3 42	
2 58	7 37			Paddy Mountain		7 55	3 15	
3 05	7 47			Coburn		7 47	3 05	
3 12	7 53			Zerby		7 39	2 58	
3 21	8 02			Rising Springs		7 30	2 49	
3 28	8 08			Penn Cave		7 24	2 42	
3 36	8 16			Centre Hall		7 17	2 35	
3 42	8 22			Gregg		7 11	2 28	
3 49	8 29			Linden Hall		7 05	2 21	
3 54	8 33			Oak Hall		7 00	2 16	
3 58	8 37			Lemont		6 56	2 12	
4 03	8 42			Dale Summit		6 52	2 08	
4 12	8 52			Pleasant Gap		6 47	1 58	
4 16	8 55			Axemann		6 39	1 55	
4 20	9 00			Bellefonte		6 35	1 50	

Additional trains leave Lewisburg for Montandon at 5.20 a. m., 7.25 a. m. 9.45 a. m., 1.15, and 5.25 p. m., returning leave Montandon for Lewisburg at 7.40, 9.27 a. m. 10.03 a. m., 4.50 and 8.12 p. m.

On Sundays trains leave Montandon 9.16 and 9.52 a. m. and 4.39 p. m., returning leave Lewisburg 9.25 a. m., 10.00 a. m. and 4.48 p. m.

W. W. ATTERBURY, General Manager
J. R. WOOD, Pass. Traffic Mgr.
GEO. W. BOYD, General Pass'ger Agt.

The Free Library, Grange Arcadia, will be open to the public Saturday afternoon from 4 to 5 o'clock.

Tablets, all sizes, at the Reporter office.

ATTENTION!

Do You Need Anything in the Hardware Line?

Locks or Hinges	Mill Hooks
Gandy Stitched Belts	Cant Hooks
Lace Leather	Stoves and Ranges
Tie or Fence Wire	Paints and Oils
Emery Wheels	Galvanized iron Roofing

Limonds and Disstons Saws

A Postal Card will get you the best Market Prices. Write to-day . . .

John I. Olewine
BELLEFONTE, PA.

THE BELL TELEPHONE

Reaches 27,000 Cities and Villages.

4,000,000,000 Messages Annually.

2,000,000 Telephones in use.

PENNSYLVANIA TELEPHONE CO
Contract Dept., Bellefonte, Pa.

XMAS=1905

Is only 11 days off and what a lot of things to do in such a short time. Do you realize how short it is? Don't put off your buying any longer. Take no risks but come here to make your gift purchases. We are far better prepared to please you now than ever before. Listen! Jardenieres, Dishes, Glassware, Kerchiefs, Handbags, Toys, Trinkets, Candias, Nuts Etc., at the very lowest prices. Kerchiefs, 5c to 25c Handbags, 50c to $1.00. Candies, 10c.

Kreamer and Son
CENTRE HALL, PA.

Just what you have been looking for—
A Reliable Line of Men's . . . . .
RUBBER GOODS AT LOWEST PRICES

Rice, 8 lbs. for 25c Granulated Sugar, 5c per lb.
Flour Sulphur, 3 cents per lb.

F. E. WIELAND, Linden Hall

The Centre Hall Roller Flouring Mills.
J. H. & S. E. WEBER, Proprietors

WHITE LILLY FLOUR and MILL FEEDS

The Highest Market Prices will be paid for all kinds of Grain—Wheat, Corn, Oats, Barley, Rye, Buckwheat.

Baled Hay and Straw will be bought at all times, at the best prices the market will afford.

COAL All sizes of Coal, the best Grades of Coal to be had, always on hand. We invite school boards to consult with us before placing orders for fuel.

GRAIN MARKET.

Rye	56	Wheat	80
Barley	45	Oats	30
		Corn	40

PRODUCE AT STORES.

Lard	08	Butter	22
Potatoes	50	Eggs	30

DR. SMITH'S SALVE

CURES: Flesh Wounds, Ulcers, Felons, Carbuncles, Boils, Erysipelas, Scrofula, Tetter, Eczema, White Swelling, Skin Eruptions, Fever Sores, Piles, Burns, Scalds, Chilblains, Corns, Bunions, Chapped Hands, Etc., Etc.
By Mail, 25c. DR. SMITH CO., Centre Hall

PAINFUL PERIODS

Suggestions How to Find Relief from Such Suffering.

While no woman is entirely free from periodical suffering, it does not seem to be the plan of nature that women should suffer so severely. Menstruation is a severe strain on a woman's vitality. If it is painful or irregular something is wrong which should be set right or it will lead to a serious derangement of the whole female organism.

More than fifty thousand women have testified in grateful letters to Mrs. Pinkham that Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound overcomes painful and irregular menstruation.

It provides a safe and sure way of escape from distressing and dangerous weaknesses and diseases.

The two following letters tell so convincingly what Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound will do for women, they cannot fail to bring hope to thousands of sufferers.

Miss Nellie Holmes of 540 N. Davision Street, Buffalo, N. Y., writes:

Dear Mrs. Pinkham:—

"Your medicine is indeed an ideal medicine for women. I suffered misery for years with painful periods, headaches, and bearing-down pains. I consulted two different physicians but failed to get any relief. A friend from the East advised me to try Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. I did so, and no longer suffer as I did before. My periods are natural; every ache and pain is gone, and my general health is much improved. I advise all women who suffer to take Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound."

Mrs. Tillie Hart, of Larimore, N. D., writes:

Dear Mrs. Pinkham:—

"I might have have been spared many months of suffering and pain had I only known of the efficacy of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound sooner; for I have tried so many remedies without help.

"I dreaded the approach of my menstrual period every month, as it meant so much pain and suffering for me, but after I had used the Compound two months I became regular and natural and I am now perfectly well and free from pain at my monthly periods. I am very grateful for what Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has done for me."

Such testimony should be accepted by all women as convincing evidence that Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound stands without a peer as a remedy for all the distressing ills of women.

The success of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound rests upon the well-earned gratitude of American women.

When women are troubled with irregular, suppressed or painful menstruation, leucorrhœa, displacement or ulceration of the womb, that bearing-down feeling, inflammation of the ovaries, backache, bloating, (or flatulency), general debility, indigestion and nervous prostration, or are beset with such symptoms as dizziness, faintness, lassitude, excitability, irritability, nervousness, sleeplessness, melancholy, they should remember there is one tried and true remedy. Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound at once removes such troubles. Refuse to buy any other medicine, for you need the best.

Don't hesitate to write to Mrs. Pinkham if there is anything about your sickness you do not understand. She will treat you with kindness and her advice is free. No woman ever regretted writing her and she has helped thousands. Address Lynn, Mass.

Ask Mrs. Pinkham's Advice—A Woman Best Understands a Woman's Ills.

It isn't always wise to judge a man by the swear-words he doesn't use.

MILK CRUST ON BABY

Lost All His Hair—Scratched Till Blood Ran—Grateful Mother Tells of His Cure by Cuticura For 75c.

"When our baby boy was three months old he had the milk crust very badly on his head, so that all the hair came out, and it itched so bad he would scratch until the blood ran. I got a cake of Cuticura Soap and a box of Cuticura Ointment. I applied the Cuticura and put a thin cap on his head, and before I had used half of the box it was entirely cured, his hair commenced to grow out nicely again, and he has had no return of the trouble. (Signed) Mrs. H. P. Holmes, Ashland, Ore."

Reformation of a Kind.

"Yes, kind lady, my four years' term expires in two weeks, then when I get out of the pen I am going to reform and start a little cigar store. I kin buy one for six hundred dollars. Have I friends what'll advance the money? Naw, I don't need them fer that little sum; I kin steal that much in two nights."—Lippincott's.

There is a fine opportunity in this vicinity to take orders for the celebrated White Bronze monuments, headstones, grave covers, etc., made by The Monumental Bronze Company, 392 Howard Ave., Bridgeport, Conn. It is a good, legitimate business, and they offer very liberal inducements. Someone should write them for the agency.

Anticipated Regret.

Her husband had died very suddenly, and her friends were calling to comfort her. She listened very attentively and seemed to be more cheerful, but suddenly she cried out, "All you've told me is very true, but I'm sure I shall never love my second husband as much as I did the first."—Lippincott's.

FITS permanently cured. No fits or nervousness after first day's use of Dr. Kline's Great Nerve Restorer, $2 trial bottle and treatise free Dr. R. H. KLINE, Ltd., 931 Arch St., Phila., Pa

Arabian horses show remarkable courage in battle.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for Children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c. a bottle

Hundreds of millions of dollars are annually spent in advertising.

I am sure Piso's Cure for Consumption saved my life three years ago.—Mrs. THOMAS ROBERTS, Maple St., Norwich, N.Y., Feb. 17, 1900

The earliest known cook book was printed in Venice in 1475.

To Prevent Chapped Hands.

Many women who do their own work are much annoyed in winter with chapped hands. This may be avoided by using Ivory Soap for dish washing and toilet purposes. Dry the hands thoroughly each time after they have been in water and rub with a little oatmeal-water or some good lotion.—ELEANOR B. PARKER.

The only Englishman who ever became Pope was Adrian IV.

Itch cured in 30 minutes by Woolford's Sanitary Lotion; never fails. Sold by Druggists. Mail orders promptly filled by Dr. Detchon, Crawfordsville, Ind. $1.

Few Russian trains travel at a faster rate than twenty-two miles an hour.

Kay or's Cherokee Remedy of Sweet Gum and Mullen is Nature's great remedy—Cures Coughs, Colds, Croup and Consumption, and all throat and lung troubles. At druggists, 25c., 50c., and $1.00 per bottle.

Every up-to-the-minute baby wears bawl gowns from the start.

FLED BEFORE WOMAN'S PISTOL

How Mrs. Reader Put Stop to Impudence of Peruvian.

In her story of "Ella Rawls Reader, Financier," contributed in Everybody's, Juliet Wibor Tompkins tells the following incident of a struggle of Mrs. Reader's in Peru:

"After eight months of useless struggle she went to out Callao, which is about half an hour by rail from Lima, with her Peruvian lawyer, Scotch interpreter, and American engineer, and forced the manager to open the warehouses and let her make an inspection of the machinery. The manager had met her with his lawyers, and the hour for argument before she gained her point had been something of a strain. During the whole process a Peruvian on the Haggin side had been standing close to Mrs. Reader, his little, narrowed eyes staring with that deliberate insolence only Latins can accomplish. The company went out into the wareroom where the machinery lay and the difficult business of a hurried inspection went forward, but still the bullying stare never ceased. After about two hours of it, the fine edge of that hidden temper of her suddenly sprang up. She whirled on him with a blaze of words that needed no interpreter, and all at once his stare was being returned by a fierce little pistol held in a strong white hand and quite ready for business.

"The gentleman of Peru neither apologized nor retracted; he incontinently fled. And he was not the only one. Like shadows the men flitted out of the dusky warehouse, leaving the dangerous woman a clear field. When she looked about there was no one in sight but two Irish porters, and in their eyes were sympathetic twinkles, meeting which, Mrs. Reader could only sink down helpless with laughter and put up her pistol."

Plausible Theory.

The great detective had been summoned to the plumber's office.

"I can't understand it," said the plumber. "The young man has been in my employ for the last three years and I have always found him honest and trustworthy. But three days ago I sent him to collect a bill in the suburbs and he has failed to show up since. Now, what do you think of that?"

"Oh," replied the g. d., "I don't think you have any cause for alarm. He was probably paid in small bills and is still counting the money to make sure that the amount is correct."

His Father Was Athlete.

Dr. Dudley of Abington, Mass., tells this story of his man David and his housekeeper, who had great confidence in all that David said and did:

One day David was in the barn, doing something which caused a visitor to say: "You're quite an athlete, aren't you?"

"Well, yes," replied David; whereupon the housekeeper, who stood near, said: "Why, I thought you told me you was Scotch."

"Well," said David, "my mother was Scotch, but my father was athlete."

DINNER GOWNS.

Embroidered crepe de chine is very much in vogue today, and many of the models made up in this material are extremely handsome. The satin finished quality crepe de chine is most effective, although the dull crepe is excellent for a simple gown and is very inexpensive. Dull finished black crepe de chine is used so much in mourning customes as to be rather unpopular even when trimmed with any quantity of white lace and embroidered work.

Gold and silver ribbon and braid trimmings are both fashionable just now and also embroidered work in gold and silver thread is to-day decidedly in vogue. Artificial flowers, but only of the handsomest quality of silk and velvet, are used once more to trim a rather simple style of dinner dress while the flower style embroidered direct upon the texture in ribbon work or chiffon gives a fascinating pretty finish to a gown of soft rich crepe or tulle, says the New York Telegram.

One model for a debutante's dinner gown was charmingly pretty and attractive. This was of white net with here and there tiny black rings in the texture laid over a lining of rose pink satin. The wide plaited belt was made of the satin, long sash ends of the same giving the note of color and character to the skirt. The waist was trimmed about the neck, with a double row of ribbon, rosebuds, the band edged on both sides with ruchings of narrow plaited Valenciennes. The small puff sleeve fell well down on the arm, held up by a shoulder strap of the silk roses. The bodice bloused slightly over the girdle and was trimmed with rows of plaited lace edging. The skirt was very full, trimmed only far down with alternate rows of roses and Valenciennes edging.

CARING FOR CLOTHES.

It is a mistake to keep winter and summer garments in the same place. A most important detail in the care of clothing is that at the close of each season the clothes which have been in use during its course should be looked over and decisively dealt with.

Articles which can be worn again should be brushed repaired and put away; articles which are to be pulled to pieces should be so treated at once, and cleaned or dyed, as the case may be. If left as they are, they will only deteriorate in condition and occupy valuable room. Articles which are of no value should be sold as rubbish or given away to those to whom they are likely to be useful.

Here it may be mentioned that when about to give garments to the poor one can very much increase the value of the gift by mending the clothes first. Hard-working people have not usually too much time for repairing their clothes, even when they know how to set about the business; and a neat darn or skillful piece of mending would not only make the garment better worth having, but might serve as an example in thrift and good management.

Cotton and muslin dresses should never be put away with the starch in them. To do this would be likely to make them rot. They should be left rough-dry, when it is not intended that they should be worn for some time.—Washington Times.

OUR DUCHESS'S JOKE.

American society women who seek to copy in imitation stones the rare jewelry of European noble families not infrequently find that the nobility has been ahead of them. It is not at all uncommon for the aspiring American woman to ask for the loan of her British friend's family heirlooms in order that she may have them reproduced. Sometimes she even wants to use real gems in the work, but, as a rule, the idea is to have many sets of handsome jewels all in paste. A friend of the American Duchess of Marlborough borrowed her famous coronet not so long ago in order to have a duplicate made in imitation. When she discovered that the "priceless" coronet was make-believe she was too disgusted to imitate it. Consuelo is really enjoying a quiet little joke at the expense of lesser mortals, for the coronet, which all the world may see and love, is not a $65,000 Tiffany creation, but a marvelous copy faithfully drawn to the very fold of the strawberry leaf—a coronet made in imitation diamonds, sham pearls and false emeralds—and worth about $650. The imitation stones are of the finest. Since the jewelry thief has become a factor to be reckoned with, society women are guarding their jewels as themselves, and more and more are locking their treasures up in safety deposit vaults, where once in a while they can go and gaze upon them.

BRIDEGROOM'S DUTIES.

The best man and ushers dress as nearly as possible like the groom—wearing large boutonnieres sent them by the bride. Their hats should be cared for by the sexton or his assistant at the church and given to them in the vestibule as they leave the building.

The bridegroom's duties before the wedding are to call upon the clergyman and arrange with him about the wedding and also secure the marriage license. The amount of the clergyman's fee is a matter of option with the groom. The smallest amount is $5, and for a man with any means, the amount should be much more than this, says Elizabeth Biddle in the Chicago Inter-Ocean.

The money or check should be placed in an envelope and given to the best man. He should hand it to the clergyman either in the vestry room after the ceremony or after leaving the church. Some days in advance the sexton should be instructed to arrange for the awning, if there is to be one, and the carpet. A man should stand at the entrance of the covered way to open the carriage doors and to keep away idlers who will throng out of curiosity. The white ribbons, to be stretched across or along the aisle, should be given to one of the ushers.

The organist should be told some time in advance what selections to play, and the arrangements made with the florist for the decoration of the church and the house.

TO ACQUIRE POISE.

Americans—and especially the feminine part—greatly need to cultivate poise. Women have so many virtues that they get in the way and impede progress, so that poise is needed to equalize and balance their excellence from turning into self-sufficiency and their cleverness from turning into mere smartness, says the New York Tribune. The woman with poise can listen attentively. She doesn't sit on pins and needles until a breathing place comes in the conversation that she may rush in and take the floor.

Few people are born with poise, but it can be cultivated. In the first place, don't work all your muscles when you talk. Sit relaxed and don't move your arms and hands until it is necessary. Learn to be like an elastic band, that stretches only as much as it has to, and falls back to its normal position as soon as possible.

Another word of advice is 'Don't worry'—that is, don't worry unnecessarily. Tangles have a way of straightening themselves out when we face them courageously. Don't fritter away your words and emotions. The well poised woman never bothers, nor does she indulge freely in exclamations. And lastly, if a woman would have poise, she must possess an aim in life.

TO WASH SILK STOCKINGS.

Who dances must pay the piper, and who wears fine clothes must go to trouble. And the purport of this is that if you will wear silk stockings and can't afford a maid to wash them for you, you'd better do it yourself, rather than end them out with the ordinary wash.

Some experts say that delicate silk and lace stockings should always be cleaned with benzine, but benzine is so odorous that it should be used only when absolutely necessary, and here it is not. The most cobwebby quality will come out whole and unstreaked if they are washed in bran water.

Buy the bran at a drug store, and if one is going away for the summer take a quantity of it. Put a handful of it into a basin of tepid water, souse and squeeze the stockings in it and rinse in the same way.

Do not wring, and if the stockings are colored be sure to dry in the shade and what is better still, in the dark that they may not fade. If washed in the afternoon and hung near a window they will dry over night.—New Orleans Picayune.

MME. BERNHARD'S SAVAGERY.

It was Thomas Carlyle who said that all genius was akin to savagery. Sarah Bernhardt exemplifies this in the boudoir of her chateau in Paris, says the Pittsburg Gazette. Mme. Bernhardt is a perfect barbarian in her defiance of all the conventionalities regarding color schemes. Her sleeping room is hung in royal purple, picked out with peacock plumes. Over her Louis XVI. bed is a canopy made of unspun silk taken directly from the silkworm cocoon. A great splash of crimson satin, in the form of a shield, adorns the center. The walls are hung in old tapestries, and in the interstices of the hanging are row after row of tiny monkey skulls, the eye sockets of which are illuminated with electric lights.

The "divine Sarah" has parted with her pet tiger, and now has for a companion a large and ugly baboon, whose ears have been pierced so that they may carry large rings of solid gold. Bernhard is said to look as young as she did twenty years ago. Her face is without wrinkles, and her step is as spry and her manner as vivacious as when she first electrified her native city as an actress.

FASHION NOTES.

The black and the white satins, the former trimmed with lace and cut steel or gold, are most simple in construction, while the beauty of material and trimmings would make the gown noticeable everywhere.

Once again graceful trains are seen on all house gowns and afternoon costumes—not in exaggerated length.

Soft white taffeta, white net ribbon embroidery in the tiniest of flowers and all sorts of soft material are used for the ball gowns for the debutantes.

Should a Girl Marry a Man to Reform Him?

By Caroline.

A SHORT while ago a girl came to me for advice, saying that she was deeply in love with a man and he with her. She wanted to know if she should marry him.

He was a great lover of liquor and often drank to excess.

She felt and he said that he hadn't strength to resist the temptation, but he added that with her to strengthen him he could resist any temptation.

Without her he couldn't even control this appetite for drink. Indeed he threatened, if she threw him over, he would go straight to the dogs.

That was his threat; that was the way he talked to the woman he loved.

Could anything have been more selfish?

Still that girl loved him and was even thinking of sacrificing her life to him. What a sacrifice it would have been.

You girls doubtless think me cold and hard-hearted to use such strong terms, but what else would it have been but a useless sacrifice?

Has a man who hadn't the strength or courage to reform before marriage ever been known to do it afterward?

Has a man who admits that he hasn't the strength to turn over a new leaf before marriage turned it over as soon as he had spoken the few words of the marriage service?

There is no doubt that many men have been made better able to resist temptation by the consciousness of the fact that a good woman loved them.

Don't think I am making light of the influence of women upon men, for of course it is one of the most powerful influences in the world.

But what I do say is that a woman can't make a greater mistake than to marry a man to reform him.

If he hasn't cared enough for her to reform before marriage, the chances are he will not do it afterward, and she will be less lenient after marriage than before.

There are a thousand ways a woman can help a man if he is weak and faltering, but it isn't necessary to marry him.

Most people marry for happiness, and the marriage that is to lead to happiness must be founded on respect.

Can a woman respect a man who she feels is weaker than herself? Doesn't she naturally look down upon one who she sees is powerless to stand alone?

She may feel sorry for him and be only too glad to help him.

But she should never marry a man simply because she feels sorry for him; that kind of sorrow soon grows into contempt after the marriage contract is signed.

Before marriage that sort of sorrow may be made to grow into love if the object be at all worthy.

If a man has inherited a taste for drink and once or twice allowed that taste to get the upper hand, the fact that some woman believes in him and believes that he can overcome that taste will be the greatest help to him.

Her belief in him may be the means of his getting the better of his weakness and in time gaining absolute control of himself.

The woman who wouldn't respect such a man would be a fool indeed, but to expect happiness with a man you are trying to reform is the hight of foolishness.

In marriage there must be mutual respect, and a woman can't respect a man if she looks down upon him.

There is no harm, and often much good comes from women trying to strengthen and uplift the men they know. But when it comes to marriage leave reform work out, and marry a man whom you can sweear with your whole heart, mind and soul to love, honor and obey.—New York Journal.

Selecting a Home in *the* Country

By W. Clement Moore.

THE country is growing more beautiful daily, principally on account of the fact that so many of those who have led a successful city life desire rest and quiet when free from toil, and in accordance with this wish have built themselves beautiful and cozy homes in the country. Again, even the regular dwellers in the country, those who always have and always will live there, have awakened to a realization of the fact that it costs but little, if any, more to own a well-kept and neat-appearing home than it does to own a really good place in really bad condition—and there are a great many of the latter yet, with all the advancement along this line.

There are, in the over-crowded cities today, a large number of people whose health may not be of the best, or who may be lovers of country life, yet feel that they have not enough money to live in the country and work in the city, and thus keep shut up in the city on account of not having the courage of their convictions and believing that they cannot make a living in the country.

The question then, is, for the man with a little money; say, enough to buy a small place and stock it, to find that place where he can sustain himself and family and make a little margin of profit. Most important of all, we must understand, though, is the fact that we are looking primarily for a home where we expect to live in the free pure air, amon God's own creatures and amid Nature's beauty work. It is pleasant to have a home where, when idle, one can dream the misty day dream, while listening to the singing of the birds, the humming of the bees, or the chattering of a friendly squirrel, and sweeter yet to dream the golden night dream, with no sound to mar the stillness save the laughter of a rippling brook or the lowing of a meadowed herd. Such are the pleasures which are the kin of heaven, where the human hand does not direct the way.

We shall choose a small place, with fertile soil, and by intensive and highly practical farming glean from its few acres a good and sufficient income. Let us have five to fifteen acres as close as possible to town or depot, for we must sell a portion of our product to the non-producing populace of the large towns and cities. If possible, we should like to have a woods, hill or windbreak to the north of our house, to protect both us and our crops from northern winds. This will give us, too, the warm sunshine, which is greatly conducive to healthy plant life. These are the principal points, and we can often find them in cheap properties slightly run down, and the building up in many cases will be less expense than buying new.

Graft in Legislation.

By State Senator Francis W. Parker, of Illinois

ONE of the familiar devices of the modern grafting legislature, working in the interest of and directly or indirectly in the pay of those who have an interest adverse to the public, is to manipulate the business so that it will be concentrated in the final days of the session, and everything will be killed.

Another familiar pretext is to load the bill, the passage of which has become inevitable, with conditions and incidents fatal to its efficiency, or which prolong the period of its applicability, until after the next session of the Legislature, when it again may become subject matter for discussion. The graft of the future is just this kind of negative graft.

The great interests adverse to the people are no longer demanding legislation. They have their lands, their charters, their franchises, their well-nigh uncontrolled possession of regulation of the rates for the services which they render. They are asking nothing except to be let alone. The result is that we have legislative assemblies—city, State and National—in which men, who in ancient times would have poisoned wells or defiled temples, are engaged ostensibly in passing laws for the communities which they represent.

The graft of the legislator is secret. No books are kept which some day are certain to reveal his crime. No partner is in position to reveal the wrong. If some one loses money to him in a poker game or retains his law partner at a time when critical legislation is before him no one can trace the crime to him, even though all the facts become known.

Diving Bell of 200 Years Ago.

It was nearly 200 years ago that Edward Halley constructed what is often referred to as the first diving bell, although the apparatus must have been much like that which was used in the presence of Charles V.

The principles of the diving bell is simple. An inverted jar if sunk in the water retains air at its top; and if there is enough air men may live and breathe and work there, and keep dry.

Dr. Halley's diving bell was a large wooden chamber, open at the bottom, and loaded there with lead to prevent it from turning in the water. Pieces of glass set in the roof furnished light. Air was supplied by an ingenious method: for leaded casks full of air were sent down, bung downward. Tipping the barrel, water would rush into it and drive out the air to the man in the bell chamber. At the depth of thirty-three feet the air is compressed to half its former bulk, and the bell is therefore at that depths filled full with water; and as the depth increases so do the compression and the pressure.—Technical World Magazine.

Parisian Pet Dog Market.

Word from Paris tells that the pet dog market is booming. There never was a better season says M. Aaron, a well-known dealer, and among the most numerous purchaser of Papillons, toy spaniels and Poms are American women ready to embark for home. What is most fashionable in pet dogs is, according to the dealer, what contrasts best with the dark color of feminine apparel donned for the colder weather.

The clock in Exeter Cathedral, England is 700 years old.

AILING WOMEN.

Keep the Kidneys Well and the Kidneys Will Keep You Well.

Sick, suffering, languid women are learning the true cause of bad backs and how to cure them. Mrs. W. G. Davis, of Groesbeck, Texas, says: "Backaches hurt me so I could hardly stand. Spells of dizziness and sick headache were frequent and the action of the kidneys was irregular. Soon after I began taking Doan's Kidney Pills I passed several gravel stones. I got well and the trouble has not returned. My back is good and strong and my general health better."

Sold by all dealers. 50 cents a box. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y.

NATIVE NEW YORKERS SCARCE.

About One Out of Every Ten in the City Population.

Now that thirty "emergency" census takers finished the tail end of their work a few days ago we may soon have light on an interesting question that this enumeration will throw some light upon. Out of Gotham's 4,000,000 souls how many are actual New Yorkers—persons born in this city? Taking the last federal census as a criterion there is about one "native born" New Yorker out of every ten in population. Still, even this small balm to Knickerbocker families—390,000—persons—has to be greatly reduced, for in it is included every person of whom no actual knowledge could be obtained of whom the haste of the census tempted to throw under this general heading. Amateur statisticians have decided that there are about 120,000 citizens of New York who have been born of parents natives of this country. These delvers in the census results are of the opinion that if the qualification were that both their parents were natives of this country not more than 5,000 persons could qualify as New Yorkers of the second American generation. Children of parents who were born abroad numbered 1,375,000 in the last federal census. There were then more than 400,000 Americans here who were born in other states, New York state leading with a contribution of 125,000 and New Jersey following with 56,000; 36,000 were born in Pennsylvania, 25,000 in Massachusetts, while 22,000—a comparatively large number—were born in Virginia. Therefore the descendants of the Knickerbockers are wofully outnumbered in population if not in money and real estate.

The Dentist and the Alligator.

Roy Farrell Greene, the president of the American Society of Curio Collectors, told at a dinner of dentists an appropriate story.

"A dentist," he said, "was once traveling in the East, and in the Ganges his boat overturned and he was obliged to strike out for the shore.

"As the dentist swam sturdily through the muddy water an enormous alligator suddenly rose up before him. The alligator opened its enormous jaws, and the next instant would have been the dentist's last, only—just in time—the man happened to notice the great reptile's sharp, white teeth, and an idea struck him.

"He drew a probe from his pocket, and, pressing it into the alligator's gums, he said:

"'Does this hurt you?'

"The alligator screamed with pain, and the dentist, amid its great agony, made good his escape."—Philadelphia Inquirer.

Doubt Word of American.

Referring to the fact that an American in England had said that for less than a penny a mile one may travel on an English railway in a compartment nearly equal to the American Pullman or parlor car, the London Globe says that a large force of private detectives has been set to work to try to discover which railroad the American was speaking of.

A BRAIN WORKER

Must Have the Kind of Food That Nourishes Brain.

"I am a literary man whose nervous energy is a great part of my stock in trade, and ordinarily I have little patience with breakfast foods and the extravagant claims made of them. But I cannot withhold my acknowledgment of the debt that I owe to Grape-Nuts food.

"I discovered long ago that the very bulkiness of the ordinary diet was not calculated to give one a clear head, the power of sustained, accurate thinking. I always felt heavy and sluggish in mind as well as body after eating the ordinary meal, which diverted the blood from the brain to the digestive apparatus.

"I tried foods easy of digestion, but found them usually deficient in nutriment. I experimented with many breakfast foods and they, too, proved unsatisfactory, till I reached Grape-Nuts. And then the problem was solved.

"Grape-Nuts agreed with me perfectly from the beginning, satisfying my hunger and supplying the nutriment that so many other prepared foods lack.

"I had not been using it very long before I found that I was turning out an unusual quantity and quality of work. Continued use has demonstrated to my entire satisfaction that Grape-Nuts food contains all the elements needed by the brain and nervous system of the hard working public writer." Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich.

There's a reason. Read the little book, "The Road to Wellville," in pkgs.

THE KEYSTONE STATE

The Latest Pennsylvania News Told in Short Order.

The "Black Hand" has resumed hostilities in Scranton by writing a letter to Guiseppe O'Bici, a well-to-do Italian Italian fruit dealer, threatening his life if he does not give up $1000. O'Bici was held up on Sunday night a block from his place of business, and had it not been for the timely arrival of two passers-by would probably have been killed for his refusal to pay.

Pasquale Gorosolo's head was crushed beneath a stone wagon in Scranton. He died immediately. He was driving and was jolted off the accident being unnoticed until a little girl, passing along the road, saw the body under the heavy wheel.

An alarming epidemic of measles has broken out in Jermyn. The pupils of the public schools have been infected by a Polish family, the children in which attended the sessions while suffering with the disease.

Shortly after Joseph Fox, of Pottsville, and two other mining engineers, had been lowered to the bottom of Packer No. 4 Colliery shaft the spreader chain of the ascending cage broke. All but Fox escaped the falling carriage. His left arm, collarbone and side were crushed, and he is in a precarious condition.

Albert Bialecki, of Shenandoah, who, overcome by remorse, confessed to killing Constable John Dando and Zela Conchi, of Lansford, who was convicted of fatally stabbing Benjamin Macola at a christening, were removed from jail in Pottsville to the Eastern Penitentiary, the former to serve eighteen years and the latter twenty years.

Ex-Congressman W. H. Kulp, of Shamokin, and a dozen other trolley magnates of Schuykill and Northumberland Counties, interested in a gigantic trolley combination, have held several secret meetings in Pottsville during the last few days.

At the annual meeting in Hazleton, of the State Hospital Trustees, Dr. Walter M. Lathrop was re-elected superintendent. John Markle, the Jeddo coal operator, was succeeded as vice-president by E. L. Bullock, of the Beaver Brook Coal Company.

The announcement was made in Hazleton that the recent retrenchment at Drifton is to be followed by a wholesale shake-up January 1. It is reasonably certain that Edgar Kudlich, for years superintendent, will sever connections with the Lehigh January 1 and locate in New York.

When C. W. Koenig and family, of Hazlebrook, returned from the funeral of a relative, they found a 350 pound pig dead in the pen, its carcass torn to pieces. They thought it was the work of some wild animal from the adjacent forest, but learned later that a bull dog owned by Superintendent Weber, of the Hazlebrook Coal Company, killed the animal.

By an explosion of gas at Boston Run Colliery, near Mahanoy City, Matthew Matulis and two of his laborers were so badly burned that their recovery is very doubtful. Matulis and one of the laborers were hurled many feet down the breast by the force of the explosion.

The barn and outbuildings with their contents, property of Louise E. Christeson, of Sueburg, Pine Grove Township, Schuykill County, was destroyed by fire.

William Herring has been appointed teacher of the Swopes Valley School, Schuykill County, vice Professor Charles Keeny, resigned to take a rural free delivery route.

A stone placed between the crossing plank and the rail by boys at West Berwick derailed a hand-car going at a rapid rate of speed and threw the truck and five men down a ten-foot embankmeni. All of the men were badly cut and bruised, but none sustained serious injuries.

Anastasia Hand, of Centralia, the young woman charged with shooting Robert Coyle, of the same place, with intent to kill, was found guilty of aggravated assault, the second count in the indictment. Sentence was suspended.

The Homeopathic Medical Society of the Lehigh Valley held its annual meeting in Bethlehem. Dr. W. B. Straub, of Bethlehem, is president of the society, and Dr. W. W. Seibert, of Easton, secretary. Papers were read by Dr. Straub and Dr. E. D. Doolittle, of Easton.

George Fisher was instantly killed, and Morris Friel fatally hurt by a fall of roof rock at the Buck Mountain Colliery of the Mill Creek Coal Company, near Mahanoy City.

The Lehigh Valley Railroad Company is inaugurating a retrenchment policy in the Drifton office. Wages of the clerks have been cut 25 per cent. The company expects to reduce the office expenses by $11,000 by the first of th year.

A special committee of the Scranton School Board, consisting of President Gibbons, Controller Nealon, Superintendent Phillips and Secretary Fellows, have gone to Reading to investigate the graded night school system of that city. Several of the members of the local board, it is said, favor having such graded schools.

Antonio Longo, the man who, it is charged, shot and fatally wounded Officer James Golden, of Dunmore, August 13, 1901, is under arrest in Italy, and is said to have confessed that he did the killing.

Anthony Rutsavage, of Shenandoah, who participated in the riot during the miners' strike of 1902, in that town, in which Joseph Beddall, a business man, was clubbed to death by a mob on the street, was released from prison. His sentence was four years.

W. W. Cottingham, superintendent of the Public Schools of Easton, celebrated the 81st anniversary of his birth Wednesday. Tuesday Mr. Cottingham was elected secretary of Dallas Lodge F. and A. M., for the thirty-ninth consecutive term.

President Thomas, of the Lehigh Valley, notified the Merchants' Association of Hazleton that the company is now preparing plans for the erection of a handsome new depot in that city. The merchants two weeks ago notified President Thomas that unless a new depot was erected they would withdraw all patronage.

The Buck Run Coal Company and other coal corporations are following the example of the Philadelphia and Reading Coal and Iron Company, and establishing volunteer corps for administering first aid to injured employees.

COMMERCIAL

R. G. Dun & Co.'s Weekly Review of Trade says:—

Business conditions certainly warranted a day of gratitude this year more than ever before, but in many industries it was difficult to take time for a holiday without falling still further behind orders and increasing the complaints of importunate purchasers.

An idea of the volume of trade in November is shown by a daily average of bank exchanges that exceeded last year's figures by 4.0 per cent., which in turn surpassed all previous monthly records.

Yet unseasonably mild weather in November has postponed retail business in Winter goods. Christmas trade opens with a volume that promises to eclipse all earlier records, and the feeling of confidence in the future is strengthened by the encouraging statements that the strike of structural iron workers may not become general.

Bradstreet's says: Wheat, including flour, exports for the week ending November 30, are 3,076,690 bushels, against 3,353,068 last week, 2,101,773 this week last year, 4,201,504 in 1903 and 5,704,440 in 1902. Corn exports for the week are 1,643,824 bushels, against 1,010,522 last week, 364,841 a year ago, 1,098,951 in 1903 and 1,151,563 in 1902.

Failures this week in the United States are 203, against 228 last week, 240 the preceding week and 245 the corresponding week last year. Failures in Canada number 32, against 34 last week, 42 the preceding week and 29 last year.

WHOLESALE MARKETS.

Baltimore, Md.—FLOUR—Dull and unchanged; receipts, 2,031 barrels; exports, 21,539 barrels.

WHEAT—Firm; spot, contract, 83¼@83½; spot, No. 2 red Western, 84¾@85; November, 83¼@83½; December, 84@84¼; January, 86@86¼; steamer No. 2 red, 77½@77¾; receipts, 32,614 bushels; exports, 40,000 bushels; Southern by sample, 70@80; Southern on grade, 78½@84.

CORN—Firmer; spot, new, 50¼@50½; November, new or old, 50¼@50½; year, 50@50¼; January, 49¼@49¼; February, 49¼@49½; March, 49¼@49½; May, 49½@49¾; steamer mixed, 47⅝@47½; receipts, 117,385 bushels; exports, 52,526 bushels; Southern white corn, 42½@50; Southern yellow corn, 42½@50.

OATS—Steady; No. 2 white, 35¾ bid; No. 3 white, 35@35¼; No. 2 mixed, 34¼@34½; receipts, 39,896 bushels.

RYE—Firm; No. 2 Western, 75@75½ export; 77½@78 domestic; receipts, 1,180 bushels.

BUTTER—Firm and unchanged; fancy imitation, 20@21; fancy creamery, 24½@25; fancy ladle, 18@19; store-packed, 15@16.

EGGS—Steady and unchanged; 29.

CHEESE—Firm and unchanged; large, 14; medium, 14⅛; small, 14½.

SUGAR—Steady and unchanged; coarse granulated, 5.10; fine, 5.10.

New York.—BUTTER—Quiet, unchanged; receipts, 6,159.

POULTRY—Dressed steady; Western chickens, 9@13½; turkeys, 14@20; fowls, 9@13.

FLOUR—Receipts, 35,017 barrels; exports, 13,476 barrels; dull and unchanged.

COTTONSEED OIL—Easy; prime yellow, 28½@29¼.

ROSIN—Nominal; strained, common to good, 4.00 nominal.

TURPENTINE—Quiet; 63½@64 asked.

MOLASSES—Firm; New Orleans open kettle good to choice, 30@38.

SUGAR—Raw firm; fair refining, 2 15-16@3; centrifugal, 96 test; 3½@39-16; molasses sugar, 2 11-16@2¾; refined steady.

POTATOES—Irregular; Scotch, per bag, 2.00@2.15; English, 2.00@2.10; Irish, 1.90@2.00; German, 1.75@2.00; domestic unchanged; sweets firm; Jersey, per barrel, 1.50@2.00; Southern, 1.25@1.50.

WHEAT—Receipts, 248,000 bushels. Spot firm; No. 2 red, 90⅛ elevator; No. 2 red, 92¾ f. o. b. afloat; No. 1 Northern Duluth, 91¾ f. o. b. afloat; No. 1 hard Manitoba, 92⅝ f. o. b. afloat.

CORN—Receipts, 120,400 bushels; exports, 52,181 bushels. Spot steady; No. 2, 57½ elevator, and 55½ c. i. f. afloat; No. 2 yellow, 56½; No. 2 white, 56.

OATS—Receipts, 155,500 bushels. Spot firm; mixed oats, 26@32 pounds, 35@36; natural white, 30@32 pounds, 26½@37½; clipped white, 36@40 pounds 38@40.

Live Stock.

New York.—BEEVES—Receipts, 351 head. Feeling steady, but no sales reported.

CALVES—Receipts, 19; market steady; common to good veals, 4.00@8.50; grassers and Westerns nominal. Dressed calves steady; city dressed veals, 8@13c. per pound; country dressed grassers and fed calves, 4@6 per cent.

SHEEP and LAMBS—Receipts, 1,987. Market steady, but lambs slow. Sheep, 4.00@5.25; lambs, 7.00@7.65; culls, 5.00; no Canadian lambs sold.

HOGS—Receipts, 4,900. Nominally steady; no sales reported.

Chicago.—CATTLE—Receipts, 8,500; market steady. Common to prime steers 2.90@6.60; cows, 2.80@4.25; heifers, 2.00@5.00; bulls, 2.00 @4.00; stockers and feeders, 2.15@4.15; calves, 2.00@7.00.

HOGS—Receipts, 25,000; market generally steady. Good to prime heavy, 4.85@4.95; medium to good heavy, 4.75@4.85; strong weight butchers', 4.85@4.95; good to choice heavy mixed, 4.70@4.80; packing, 4.30@4.80.

SHEEP—Receipts, 15,000, medium higher. Sheep, 3.75@5.50; yearlings, 5.50@6.00; spring lambs, 6.75@7.50.

FACTS WORTH REMEMBERING.

A secret chamber, furnished in old oak, was unexpectedly discovered during the demolition of the Plough Inn, Little Ealing, England. The inn was 500 years old. The grandmother of Dick Turpin, the highwayman, once kept it.

Claiming the right to serve, as British subjects, 20 Victoria (B. C.) Chinese have applied for enrollment in the Fifth Regiment, Canadian Artillery, in that city. The commander has referred the matter to the minister of militia at Ottawa.

HIGH CLASS DRUGGISTS
AND — OTHERS.

The better class of druggists, everywhere, are men of scientific attainments and high integrity, who devote their lives to the welfare of their fellow men in supplying the best of remedies and purest medicinal agents of known value, in accordance with physicians' prescriptions and scientific formula. Druggists of the better class manufacture many excellent remedies, but always under original or officinal names and they never sell false brands, or imitation medicines. They are the men to deal with when in need of anything in their line, which usually includes all standard remedies and corresponding adjuncts of a first-class pharmacy and the finest and best of toilet articles and preparations and many useful accessories and remedial appliances. The earning of a fair living, with the satisfaction which arises from a knowledge of the benefits conferred upon their patrons and assistance to the medical profession, is usually their greatest reward for long years of study and many hours of daily toil. They all know that Syrup of Figs is an excellent laxative remedy and that it gives universal satisfaction, and therefore they are selling many millions of bottles annually to the well informed purchasers of the choicest remedies, and they always take pleasure in handing out the genuine article bearing the full name of the Company—California Fig Syrup Co.—printed on the front of every package. They know that in cases of colds and headaches attended by biliousness and constipation and of weakness or torpidity of the liver and bowels, arising from irregular habits, indigestion, or over-eating, that there is no other remedy so pleasant, prompt and beneficial in its effects as Syrup of Figs, and they are glad to sell it because it gives universal satisfaction.

Owing to the excellence of Syrup of Figs, the universal satisfaction which it gives and the immense demand for it, imitations have been made, tried and condemned, but there are individual druggists to be found, here and there, who do not maintain the dignity and principles of the profession and whose greed gets the better of their judgment, and who do not hesitate to recommend and try to sell the imitations in order to make a larger profit. Such preparations sometimes have the name—"Syrup of Figs"—or "Fig Syrup" and of some piratical concern, or fictitious fig syrup company, printed on the package, but they never have the full name of the Company—California Fig Syrup Co.—printed on the front of the package. The imitations should be rejected because they are injurious to the system. In order to sell the imitations they find it necessary to resort to misrepresentation or deception, and whenever a dealer passes off on a customer a preparation under the name of "Syrup of Figs" or "Fig Syrup," which does not bear the full name of the California Fig Syrup Co. printed on the front of the package, he is attempting to deceive and mislead the patron who has been so unfortunate as to enter his establishment, whether it be large or small, for if the dealer resorts to misrepresentation and and deception in one case he will do so with other medicinal agents, and in the filling of physicians' prescriptions, and should be avoided by every one who values health and happiness. Knowing that the great majority of druggists are reliable, we supply the immense demand for our excellent remedy entirely through the druggists, of whom it may be purchased everywhere, in original packages only, at the regular price of fifty cents per bottle, but as exceptions exist it is necessary to inform the public of the facts, in order that all may decline or return any imitation which may be sold to them. If it does not bear the full name of the Company—California Fig Syrup Co.—printed on the front of every package, do not hesitate to return the article and to demand the return of your money, and in future go to one of the better class of druggists who will sell you what you wish and the best of everything in his line at reasonable prices.

Distance lends distraction to the toper's view of the schooner.

Cures Blood, Skin Troubles, Cancer, Blood Poison. Greatest Blood Purifier Free.

If your blood is impure, thin, diseased, hot or full of humors, if you have blood poison, cancer, carbuncles, eating sores, scrofula, eczema, itching, risings and bumps, scabby, pimply skin, bone pains, catarrh, rheumatism, or any blood or skin disease, take Botanic Blood Balm (B. B. B.) according to directions. Soon all sores heal, aches and pains stop, the blood is made pure and rich, leaving the skin free from every eruption, and giving the rich glow of perfect health to the skin. At the same time B. B. B. improves the digestion, cures dyspepsia, strengthens weak kidneys. Just the medicine for old people, as it gives them new, vigorous blood. Druggists, $1 per large bottle, with directions for home cure. Sample free and prepaid by writing Blood Balm Co., Atlanta, Ga. Describe trouble and special free medical advice also sent in sealed letter. B. B. B. is especially advised for chronic, deep-seated cases of impure blood and skin disease, and cures after all else fails.

Even the clock that does its duty has time to strike.

BOX OF WAFERS FREE—NO DRUGS —CURES BY ABSORPTION.

Cures Belching of Gas—Bad Breath and Bad Stomach—Short Breath—Bloating—Sour Eructations—Irregular Heart, Etc.

Take a Mull's Wafer any time of the day or night, and note the immediate good effect on your stomach. It absorbs the gas, disinfects the stomach, kills the poison germs and cures the disease. Catarrh of the head and throat, unwholesome food and overeating make bad stomachs. Scarcely any stomach is entirely free from taint of some kind. Mull's Anti-Belch Wafers will make your stomach healthy by absorbing foul gases which arise from the undigested food and by re-enforcing the lining of the stomach, enabling it to thoroughly mix the food with the gastric juices. This cures stomach trouble, promotes digestion, sweetens the breath, stops belching and fermentation. Heart action becomes strong and regular through this process.

Discard drugs, as you know from experience they do not cure stomach trouble. Try a common-sense (Nature's) method that does cure. A soothing, healing sensation results instantly.

We know Mull's Anti-Belch Wafers will do this, and we want you to know it.

SPECIAL OFFER.—The regular price of Mull's Anti-Belch Wafers is 50c. a box, but to introduce it to thousands of sufferers we will send two (2) boxes upon receipt of 75c, and this advertisement, or we will send you a free sample for this coupon.

12165 FREE COUPON. 129

Send this coupon with your name and address and name of a druggist who does not sell it for a free sample box of Mull's Anti-Belch Wafers to

MULL'S GRAPE TONIC CO., 328 Third Ave., Rock Island, Ill.

Give Full Address and Write Plainly.

Sold by all druggists, 50c. per box, or sent by mail.

A married man seldom boasts that he doesn't know the meaning of fear.

$100 Reward. $100.

The readers of this paper will be pleased to learn that there is at least one dreaded disease that science has been able to cure in all its stages, and that is Catarrh. Hall's Catarrh Cure is the only positive cure now known to the medical fraternity. Catarrh being a constitutional disease, requires a constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system, thereby destroying the foundation of the disease, and giving the patient strength by building up the constitution and assisting nature in doing its work. The proprietors have so much faith in its curative powers that they offer One Hundred Dollars for any case that it fails to cure. Send for list of testimonials. Address

F. J. CHENEY & Co., Toledo, O.

Sold by Druggists, 75c.

Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

Some women try to attact attention by trying to look miserable.

GOOD, big "mealy" potatoes can not be produced without a liberal amount of POTASH in the fertilizer—not less than ten per cent. It must be in the form of Sulphate of POTASH of highest quality.

"Plant Food" and "Truck Farming" are two practical books which tell of the successful growing of potatoes and the other garden truck—sent free to those who write us for them.

Address, GERMAN KALI WORKS, 93 Nassau St., New York

PRICE, 25 Cts

ANTI-GRIPINE

IS GUARANTEED TO CURE

GRIP, BAD COLD, HEADACHE AND NEURALGIA.

I won't sell Anti-Gripine to a dealer who won't Guarantee It. Call for your MONEY BACK IF IT DOESN'T CURE.

F. W. Diemer, M.D., Manufacturer, *Springfield, Mo.*

The Bishop and the Waffles.

It would indeed be a queer bishop who could not tell a good story on himself. The late Bishop Dudley of Kentucky was wont to relate with much relish an interesting experience which he once had in connection with waffles.

At a fine old Virginia homestead where he was a frequent guest the waffles were always remarkably good.

One morning, as breakfast drew near an end, the tidy little linen-coated black boy who served at table approached Bishop Dudley and asked in a low voice:

"Bishop, won't y' have 'n'er waffle?"

"Yes," said the genial Bishop, "I believe I will."

"Dey ain' no mo'," then said the nice little black boy.

"Well," exclaimed the surprised reverend gentleman, "if there aren't any more waffles, what made you ask me if I wanted another one?"

"Bishop," exclaimed the little black boy, "you's done et ten a'ready, an' I thought y' wouldn' want no mo'."—Emma Carleton, in Lippincott's.

There are twenty-eight cemeteries in the County of London.

UNFORTUNATE

is the man or woman who, loving a good dinner, must curb their appetite through fear of after consequences.

Parsons' Pills

are an aid to digestion, insure assimilation of food, and make hearty eating possible without distress or regrets.

Price 25c., five bottles $1. All druggists.

I. S. JOHNSON & CO., Boston, Mass.

PENSION FOR AGE. A new order will give pension for age. Write me at once for blanks and instructions. Free of charge. No Pension, No Pay. Address W. H. WILLS, Wills Building, 312 Indiana Ave., Washington, D. C. Patents and Trade-Marks solicited.

One Dollar for a Postal Card

This company will give one dollar for the first reliable information of an opportunity to sell a steam engine or boiler of our standard types within our range of sizes. This does not include vertical, traction or gas engines. If you know of anybody intending to buy an engine or boiler tell us. A Postal will do.

ATLAS

ENGINES AND BOILERS

have for years been the standard for all steam plants. Best of material and workmanship. Our big output enables us to sell on small profits. An Atlas, the best in the world, costs no more than the other kind.

Write today for our special offer.

ATLAS ENGINE WORKS

Selling agencies in all cities INDIANAPOLIS

Corliss Engines High Speed Engines Water Tube Boilers Four Valve Engines Compound Engines Tubular Boilers Automatic Engines Throttling Engines Portable Boilers

Atlas Engines in service 2,000,000 H. P. 4 Atlas Boilers in service 4,000,000 H. P.

PAXTINE TOILET ANTISEPTIC

FOR WOMEN

troubled with ills peculiar to their sex, used as a douche is marvelously successful. Thoroughly cleanses, kills disease germs, stops discharges, heals inflammation and local soreness, cures leucorrhœa and nasal catarrh.

Paxtine is in powder form to be dissolved in pure water, and is far more cleansing, healing, germicidal and economical than liquid antiseptics for all

TOILET AND WOMEN'S SPECIAL USES

For sale at druggists, 50 cents a box.

Trial Box and Book of Instructions Free.

THE R. PAXTON COMPANY BOSTON, MASS.

25 CTS. PISO'S CURE FOR CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS. Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists. CONSUMPTION 25 CTS.

ADVERTISE IN THIS PAPER IT PAYS

If afflicted with weak eyes, use Thompson's Eye Water

THE CENTRE REPORTER

THURSDAY, DECEMBER 14, 1905.

CHURCH APPOINTMENTS.

Presbyterian—Centre Hall, morning; Spring Mills, afternoon.

Lutheran—Centre Hall, morning; Georges Valley, afternoon; Tusseyville, evening.

Reformed—Union, morning; Spring Mills, afternoon; Centre Hall, evening.

[Appointments not given here have not been reported to this office.]

SALE REGISTER.

Ivy W. Bartges—Saturday, December 16, 1 1-2 miles east of Old Fort, at one o'clock: Two horses, five colts, two cows, 12 head of young cattle, implements, etc., etc.

Tuesday, January 19, ten o'clock, on the premises, in Gregg township, by James P. Grove, administrator of the estate of Mary Waugh, 46 acres and 136 perches. W. Harrison Walker, attorney. See adv.

Mrs. George E. Stover—Thursday, March 8

James P. Grove—Friday, March 9.

Sydney Poorman—March 20.

John H Durst—Wednesday, March 21.

George Gingerich—Tuesday, March 27.

Engraved Cards.

Orders for engraved cards, invitations, etc., taken at this office. The highest class work.

Cuts New Teeth at 80.

Although past the age of eighty, Mrs. Kate Drace, of Milton Grove, is cutting her third set of molar teeth, and she expresses the belief that she will get a complete new outfit of grinders.

Home Destroyed by Fire.

The home of Mr. and Mrs. Robert Sartain, of near Mercersburg, was recently totally destroyed by fire. The fire originated in a storebuilding that stood nearby. The Sartains barely escaped with their lives, in their night clothes. Mrs. Sartain, nee Jennie McCoy, is a sister of Miss Emma McCoy, of Centre Hall.

Valuable Property for Sale.

The Dinges property, in Centre Hall, consisting of a nine room splendid brick dwelling house with frame summer house attached, a two-story brick and frame store building, and a barn in rear of lot, can be had at a sacrifice price if bought before January first, 1906. For information, address S. PAUL DINGES, Williamsport, Pa.

Another Fatal Accident.

William H. Welch, of Northwood, a brakeman on the Tyrone division of the Pennsylvania railroad, while at his work on an extra freight train southbound Wednesday afternoon, of last week, met with an accident which resulted in his death.

Mr. Welch was a son of Robert and Elizabeth Welch, of Vail. He was born at Fowler, this county, and was aged thirty years.

Points on Vaccination Law.

It took a second decision of Attorney General Carson to explain the vaccination—compulsory attendance question, the sum and substance of which is as follows:

That a parent or guardian cannot be fined for keeping a pupil from school who has not been vaccinated.

That a school teacher is liable to prosecution if he permits a pupil who has not been vaccinated to enter school.

That these laws apply not only to public schools but also to parochial, sabbath and other schools.

Plain Talk by Schaeffer.

State Superintendent of Public Instruction N. C. Shaeffer did some plain talking at the Columbia County Teachers' Institute. In part he said:

"The first hindrance in the getting of good teachers is politics. When I say politics I don't necessarily mean Democratic or Republican politics, for there are other kinds.

"Church politics is a bad thing in our school work. This is harder to face than any other. Let neither politics, churches, lodges, relatives, taxpayers nor anything else keep out the good, earnest Christian teacher."

Rebersburg.

Mrs. Samuel Shaffer, wife of the landlord, is ill at present.

Jacob Bower, of Coburn, visited relatives here during the past week.

Miss Beulah Wetzel and sister, Grace spent Saturday and Sunday visiting relatives at Hublersburg.

Geo. Miller, who for the past few months had been employed near Madisonburg, returned home last week.

George Winkleblech and daughter, of Fiedler, spent last Saturday and Sunday at the home of Edwin Greninger.

Edwin Frank, accompanied by his son Russell, spent Saturday at Logan Mills, where they attended the sale of the personal property of Henry Greninger, deceased.

Frank Waite recently purchased a lot of lumber from Geo. Winters, and is making preparations to build an addition to his dwelling house. He will also erect a large carpenter shop.

Charles Bierly, of Jersey Shore, came to this place one day last week and took with him his two children who had been staying with their grandparents, Mr. and Mrs. Jerry Walker, the past year.

Montgomery & Co., in their advertisement in the Reporter, give a large list of articles suitable for Christmas gifts. Read their message.

A FAMOUS OLD BRIDGE.

It Is Curiously Decorated With Historic Pictures.

Few places in Switzerland are more interesting than the historic old city of Lucerne, at the junction of the river Reuss and Lake Lucerne, memorable for its historic associations with the heroic legends of William Tell.

Across the river are two wonderful wooden bridges, the Muehlenbruecke, or "Mill bridge," with its quaint pictures of the "Dance of death," and the Kapellbruecke, or "Chapel bridge." This chapel bridge was constructed as long ago as 1333 and for nearly 600 years formed the chief avenue of traffic across the broad but sluggish stream. Anciently the bridge extended its zigzag shape to nearly twice its present length and reached as far as the Hofkirche, or cathedral, whence its name, the Chapel bridge.

In the center of this covered wooden bridge stands the famous octagonal Wasserthurm, or water tower, where in olden times the municipal treasure was stored. For ages it was also used as a prison and among the dungeons as a torture chamber.

But the most unique feature of all consists of the curious pictures in the roof of the bridge. These old pictures—sixty-nine of them—are painted on triangular wooden panels which fit into the pitched roof of the bridge. One after another they tell the most salient facts of Swiss history or portray events in the life of the tutelar saints of the town, St. Leodegar and St. Maurice.—New York Tribune.

TAFFY CANDY.

Why It Becomes White Through Pulling and Working.

You have often wondered and have even gone so far perhaps as to ask your scientifically inclined friend why candy or taffy made from brown sugar or even molasses becomes white by pulling and working. The question is not a hard one to find an answer for, provided you look in the right place, but it is ten chances to one that you have never seen a solution of the enigma in print.

First, the exposure to the air and the friction evaporate the sirup, which contains most of the coloring matter, and facilitate the oxidization of the carbon in the sugar, which is always white. Sugar contains eleven atoms of oxygen to twelve of carbon and eleven of hydrogen. The sirup drained from this same sugar in the refining process not only contains more or less of coloring matter, but has a smaller proportion of oxygen to the amount of carbon.

Still another reason why taffy is whitened by the pulling process is because it is in effect similar to crushing. Pure, clear rock candy, when crushed, has its powers of absorbing light destroyed or greatly impaired, the pulverized portions reflecting all the elementary colors in each ray, which, of course, results in the eye receiving the impression of white light.

Humanity In Prison.

It is true there are peculiar specimens of humanity in prisons—cranks, freaks, degenerates and hardened and vicious characters—but so are there all these outside the prisons mixed in with the other people of the world in the different grades of society. The deliberate professional criminal, with peculiar and pronounced characteristics and forming a different type of man and woman, is too infrequent to constitute a definite class unless he, with many others not in prison, be considered as a member of a diseased class in humanity. Those who do not agree with this impression and persist in believing that there is a distinct, typical criminal class must, if they study society and also become familiar with the inmates of our penal institutions, admit that only a small portion of the class are confined therein.—C. E. Ordway in Atlantic.

Human Nature.

"We tried a new experiment in our town," said the man with silver rimmed spectacles. "We thought that the tendency to vanity was so great that there ought to be some reward for people who were capable of standing aside and rejoicing in the success of others. So we organized a society and arranged for the presentation of modesty medals."

"How did it work?"

"Badly. As soon as a man won one of the medals he would swell up and get so proud that we'd have to take it away from him."—Washington Star.

The Turkish Postman.

Postal conditions in the interior of Turkey are still in a patriarchal stage of evolution. When a postman arrives in a village on muleback he distributes the letters in a public place, giving each his own, and then putting the undelivered ones into the hands of relatives or acquaintances of those to whom they are addressed. Yet it is said that 99 per cent reach their destination.

Descriptive.

Mabel, who was visiting in the country, was sent to the barn, where the hired man was shearing sheep, to look for her grandpa. She soon returned and said, "Him ain't out there; ain't nobody there but a man peelin' sheeps."—Chicago News.

An Expensive Present.

Young Wife—Yes, father always gives expensive things when he makes presents. Husband—So I discovered when he gave you away. And then he went into the library to write a check for the monthly millinery bill.

The Reason.

Stella—Mabel says she doesn't believe everything in the Bible. Bella—Well, you see, her own age is in it.

Advertise.

GOT THE FIRST PLATE.

Johnny Had It Clutched, but He Had to Let Go.

President Roosevelt, on one of his hunting tours in the Adirondacks, spent a very long day in restless pursuit of big game. At his urgent request the guide conducted the party to the nearest inn the wilderness afforded.

Amusement was created in the presidential party when the chief executive, whose identity had been kept a secret, was given a seat at the family board. It was increased when huge portions of corned beef and cabbage were passed from the head of the table, where sat the host. The first plate to make its appearance was heaped very high. It reached a small boy and got no further. The president sighed to express his envy and disappointment.

"Johnny," exclaimed the host sharply, "that ben't fer you; thet be fer the stranger."

Much to the amusement of all, the president seized the rim of the plate on one side, while Johnny held the other.

There was a moment of doubt.

Then the president, softly and with a twinkle in his eye, but with inexorable decision, leaned over and spoke into the red, resentful face of the hungry boy:

"Johnny," he said, "let go."

Johnny let go.—Success.

THE MILKY WAY.

One of the Great Problems of the Science of Astronomy.

Some of the streams of fainter stars in the Milky Way are very striking and must convince the most skeptical of their reality, says a scientist.

It is possible to draw an arc of a circle through any three stars and a conic section through any five, but where we find ten or twenty stars falling into line not once, but in many cases, and that there is a curious similarity between the strange curves and branching streams which these phalanges of stars mark out on the heavens, there is no room left for doubt that the mind is not being led away by a tendency of the imagination similar to that which finds faces in the fire or sees a man carrying sticks on the face of the moon.

If it is proved that a group of stars is arranged in line or marshaled in any order it would follow that the individuals of the group must be actually as well as apparently close to one another and that they form some kind of system, having all of them had a common origin or been subject to some common influence. What these streams and curves of stars mean and what forces have marshaled them in lines form one of the grandest problems of the future, one that I trust I may live to see unraveled.

CHINESE NEATNESS.

The Man Is Clean Even if His Surroundings Are Dirty.

Next time you are in Chinatown notice the finger nails of the inhabitants. You will be surprised possibly to find that they are generally as clean and bright as though they had just come from the manicure.

As are his finger nails so is the rest of the Chinaman's body. It is one of the queer contradictions about this contradictory people that, although their houses are usually surrounded by a fringe of dirt and although they don't take to modern sanitation a bit, they are very cleanly in their personal habits.

The daily bath is an institution. A bathtub is not necessary. Your Chinaman manages very well with a few cupfuls of water and a wash rag.

He completes his toilet by polishing his long nails, and every day or so he visits the barber, who shaves not only the scanty hair on his face, but also his head and the inside of his ears. If he can afford it, the Chinaman puts on a clean blouse every day or two. It is no accident that these people are a nation of laundrymen. It comes to them naturally.—Washington Post.

Vegetable Ivory.

The vegetable ivory of commerce is an albuminous substance formed from a milky fluid in the fruit of a species of palm indigenous to several parts of Central and South America, but which seems to flourish best in New Granada and Peru. It corresponds to the meat of the cocoanut, which latter is the fruit of another species of palm. When vegetable ivory nuts are ripe they are covered with a brown skin and are bean shaped, the interior being perfectly white and very hard.

Not Sufficiently Definite.

Mother—I told you to give your sister half of that apple, and you have eaten it all yourself. Small Son—I offered it to her and she sucked it a little and then pushed it away.

"She says you didn't."

"Oh, you mean that sister. I thought you meant the baby."

Nothing Articulate.

"You never hear of the Scadwells' family skeleton nowadays," observed Rivers.

"No," said Brooks. "They have accumulated so many bones that everybody has forgotten its existence."—Chicago Tribune.

A Silent Partner.

Nibbitt—That woman who just went out is the partner of your joys and sorrows, I suppose? Rufton—She's partner to my joys all right, but when it comes to my sorrows she slips over to see her mother.

We can help to make people bright by our keenness, but we can never accomplish anything toward making people good except by our tenderness.

Beautiful pictures free if you buy shoes of Yeager & Davis.

THE TIRED COWBIRD

DOWNRIGHT LAZY IS THIS BLACK HOBO OF THE ORIOLE TRIBE.

It Builds No Nests of Its Own, but Lays Its Eggs in the Nests of Other Birds and Never Troubles Itself About Rearing Its Young.

The cowbird was born so tired that if he could compel any other bird to gather his food for him he would do so, but he cannot, so he scratches about all day among the herds of cattle and sheep and goes to roost at night in great bands of hundreds of his relatives, always selecting a bushy tree, such as a cypress, for a night's perch. All up and down the Mississippi river valley is the common summer home of these birds, for only in the depth of winter do they retreat to the warmer mesas of Mexico, whither most of the other birds have preceded them. In the spring following such a winter they are the first to return, filling all the new year air with their chatter and lining the barnyard trees.

You must not think that the glossy black and brown birds so plentiful around southern California barnyards during the winter months are cowbirds, for they are not. They are called "graclles" and seem to be more like crows than blackbirds. You can find their nests, big, bulky affairs, in the orange and cypress trees of almost any of your ranch homes. There are many, many members to the blackbird family, the sweet voiced meadow larks and the gorgeous golden orioles as well as the more sober colored blackbirds and grackles, and of all these but one forces the hatching of her eggs and the feeding of her young on to another bird mother.

In England the cuckoo has this same habit, but the American cuckoo builds her nest and sits on her eggs as nicely as any robin or dove could do. Sometimes our road runner so far forgets herself as to lay her eggs in the nest of a quail or a meadow lark, but not often, but when she does the bird upon whom Mrs. Road Runner tries to impose generally breaks the strange egg or else goes away and leaves the nest alone. Then the field mice and the wood rats have a feast, to which sometimes the road runner comes herself, for she is very fond of eggs as long as they are not her own.

But the cowbird never makes any such poor job as that. She always selects the nest of some smaller bird—in regions where warblers are plentiful the home of one of these little singers is most frequently chosen—and there as many eggs as she thinks the owner of the nest will submit to are laid. Sometimes the warbler goes right on incubating the intruder, but now and then the two old birds get together and dump the egg out on the ground. Nests have been found in which the warblers put a mud floor over the first nest and built another one on top of it, leaving their own eggs to spoil because they knew no other way to rid themselves of the cowbird. If the cowbird comes back by the repaired nest she will put another egg in it, and generally this egg is hatched and raised by the foster pair on whom it has been forced.

It requires about ten or eleven days for the young cowbird to break the shell, while most other birds of its size are two or three days longer, and thus he has a good start on the other nestlings in point of growth. When hatched the cowbird is larger than the sparrow or the warbler and consequently gradually crowds them into the background, taking all the food that should belong to them. As they grow weaker from this he grows stronger, and it is not long until he tips them out of the nest and is sole master of the two old birds, who work ceaselessly to satisfy his awful appetite. In a very few days he gets too large for the little nest and goes out into the branches, where the old birds still continue to feed him in a way they never do their own young after they have left the nest. In Mexico and South America there is a cowbird that sometimes builds a nest of her own and sits upon and hatches her own eggs, but no such thing ever happens among the black hoboes of the oriole family found farther north.

How many eggs a cowbird lays no one knows, but as many as seven have been found in one nest of the oven bird, a kind of thrush found in the eastern states. Usually, however, only one egg is laid in each nest, especially if the birds to whom the nest belongs are small and the nest too little to hold more than one of the cowbird's young in comfort. The parent cowbird never disturbs the eggs of any of the birds in whose nests she leaves her own, knowing full well that if she did so the nest builder would in all probability desert her home or throw the strange egg out. Oftentimes more than one cowbird lays in the same nest, and, as no two eggs of these birds are ever exactly alike in color, you may be sure that no cowbird knows her own egg half a minute after she has laid it.—Los Angeles Times.

Liked Wooden Ships.

Admiral Farragut was a "very old fashioned sailor, with a strong prejudice in favor of wooden ships," says Captain F. S. Hill in his "Twenty Years at Sea." The admiral had gained his victories in such ships and declared himself "too old a dog to learn new tricks." In the Mobile fights his flagship was the wooden ship Hartford, though he was urged to take the new ironclad Tecumseh. It was a noteworthy coincidence that the Tecumseh was the only vessel lost in the battle. She was sunk by a torpedo and went down with her captain and more than a hundred of her crew.

Every man has just as much vanity as he lacks understanding.—Pope.

Rocking chairs free if you buy shoes of Yeager & Davis.

Key that Unlocks the Door to Long Living.

The men of eighty-five and ninety years of age are not the rotund well fed, but thin, spare men who live on a slender diet. Be as careful as he will, however, a man past middle age, will occasionally eat too much or of some article of food not suited to his constitution, and will need a dose of Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets to cleanse and invigorate his stomach and regulate his liver and bowels. When this is done there is no reason why the average man should not live to old age. For sale by C. W. Swartz, Tusseyville; F. A. Carson, Potters Mills.

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FOR SALE—The undersigned offers for sale an all purpose horse, buggy harness and buggy. MRS. HENRY MOYER, Tusseyville

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Windmills and Pumps and repairs for same, can be furnished at any time, at lowest cost.

Also, a full line of plumbers supplies. If in need of water pipes, no matter what size or quantity, get prices from me.

Also, Gasoline Engines.

J. S. ROWE, Centre Hall, Pa.

When you want a pleasant laxative take Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets. For sale by C. W. Swartz, Tusseyville; F. A. Carson, Potters Mills.

ORPHANS' COURT SALE—By virtue of a certain order issued out of the Orphans' Court of Centre county, the undersigned, administrator of the estate of Mary Waugh, late of Gregg township, Centre county, Penn'a, deceased, will offer at public sale upon the premises in Gregg township, Centre county, Pa.,

TUESDAY, JANUARY 9th, 1906

at ten o'clock a. m., all that certain lot and piece of ground situate in Gregg township, Centre county, Pa., bounded and described as follows, to wit: Beginning at pine, thence along land of Robert Cooke, south degrees east forty perches to a black oak; thence south fifteen degrees east twenty-three perches to a post; thence south sixty degrees west one hundred and ninety-two perches to a hickory; thence by Andrew Gregg now D. Mitchell, north thirty-nine degrees west forty perches to stones; thence by mountain north sixty degrees east one hundred and seventy-four perches to the place of the beginning. Containing forty-six acres and one hundred and thirty-six perches be the same more or less.

TERMS OF SALE.—Ten per cent when property is knocked down; balance when sale is confirmed by the Court.

JAMES P. GROVE, Administrator.

W. Harrison Walker, Atty for Estate.

EXECUTORS' NOTICE—LETTERS TESTAMENTARY on the estate of Rebecca Sparr, late of Harris township, deceased, having been duly granted to the undersigned they would respectfully request any persons knowing themselves indebted to the estate to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same to present them duly authenticated for settlement. CYRUS BRUNGART, W. B. MINGLE, Executors.

Harry Keller, Attorney. Centre Hall, Pa.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.—LETTERS of Administration on the estate of Mary Waugh, late of Gregg township, deceased, having been duly granted to the undersigned, he would respectfully request all persons knowing themselves indebted to the estate to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same to present them duly authenticated for settlement.

JAS. P. GROVE, Administrator, Spring Mills, Pa.

W. Harrison Walker, Attorney, Bellefonte.

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LISTEN!

Santa Claus requests me to announce that here at Tusseyville he has found the best place in Penn's Valley to lay in his supply. He claims here he can find something for Baby, Little Boy and Little Girl Big Boy and Big Girl, Father and Mother, Grandfather and Grandmother, Great Grandfather and Great Grandmother. Also so many good things to eat in confectionery, nuts, oranges, oysters for X-mas. He says he can lay in a large supply because prices are so reasonable. We are delighted to make this announcement, therefore wish you all

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